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MS. SERIES.

G.O. NO. 1449

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FOR MYSORE STATE

Despatch Abstract.

Education - Development of ~~Mad~~ Malnad area of S. Kanara Dt - Recommendations of the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee - Opening of new Elementary Schools and conversion of lower elementary Schools into Higher Elementary Schools Orders passed

ma welcome decline in maternal mortality and a distinct improvement in the work turned out by the midwives. We need hardly point out how this part of welfare work has hardly reached Finland. There is naturally a demand for more work around and the people in Finland should be provided with adequate help and relief measures in this important aspect, affecting the lives of the people. We strongly press that Government may be pleased to sanction and provide funds for the appointment of advisers, to begin with, at least in all rural dispensaries in Finland.

62. The fourth problem which we have to examine is the provision of more educational facilities in the Finland area. This will be dealt with under the two main heads of (1) Elementary education (2) Secondary education and we shall incidentally refer to adult education, Libraries and allied matters.

63. Excluding the two municipal areas of Bangalore and Delhi the total number of schools both local board and others as on 1.8.1.1.1.1 was 1,1.1.1 which 1.1.1 schools were run by the District Board, 1.1.1 by municipal boards, 1.1.1 by Government and the remaining 1.1.1 (including 1.1.1 Adi) by private agencies. In the 1.1.1 Finland villages there were 1.1.1 of which 1.1.1 were of the Lower Elementary schools. According to the official information available 1.1.1 were 1.1.1 schools-less as this in Finland of the 1.1.1 district as shown in Appendix 1.1.1, their strength which is worth while to bear in ready reference.

Taluk.	Area in.	Total Villages.	Of the schools less villages
Tur	Millia	[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible] already	[illegible]	13
	Malavalli	[illegible]	28
	Melkote already	[illegible]	0
	Other	[illegible]	6
		118	4
	Total	20	1
	Nagamangala	[illegible]	[illegible]
	Kunigal	[illegible]	[illegible]
	Tumkur	3	1
		67	24

Gurdaspur	Gurdaspur	9	4
	Pathankot	[illegible]	[illegible]
	Batala	11	4
		41	16
Rohtak	Rohtak	10	2
	Jhajjar	5	2
		15	4
Hissar	Hissar	1	—
	Fatehabad	8	2
	Sirsa	6	2
	Bhiwani	3	—
		18	4
	Total	74	26

The estimated number of children of school age in the District Board areas as on 1.3.40 was 2,25,467 (1,21,467 boys and 1,04,000 girls of whom the number actually provided with educational facilities was 1,00,210 (74,210 boys and 26,000 girls).

Elementary education was compulsory for all children of school age only in 21 villages, excluding the two municipalities of Rohtak were in force. The first step in the introduction of compulsory education was taken by Government.

Education was free in all primary schools up to the 5th standard in all elementary schools run by the District Board and also in higher elementary schools in Rohtak. The District Board is granting also school fee concession to poor and deserving students.

In spite of the unsatisfactory financial condition of the Elementary Education Fund it is commendable that the District Board have special attention to the needs of Rohtak by opening as many as 18 out of 44 new schools in school-less centres in 1940-41.

CONCLUSION: A study of the figures will show that provision of more educational facilities in Rohtak is very urgent and the opening of new schools should receive a high priority in the development of Rohtak. The question arises as to the agency which is to open the schools with the necessary funds. A perusal of the Administration report of the District Board for the year 1940-41 shows that it had to pay to the Elementary Education Fund an additional sum of Rs.50,000 from its general funds as ordered by Government to wipe out the deficit in the Elementary Education Fund. The financial

Coondapur	Laindur	9	4
	Vaadse	[illegible]	0
	Coondapur	31	4
		45	18
Udipi	Kota	10	2
	Kaviaver	9	2
		19	4
Kasargod	Manjla	1	-
	Kasargod	8	2
	Vaidrug	6	2
	Hilesvar	3	-
		18	4
	Total	282	71

The estimated number of children of school age in the District Board area as on 31.3.50 was 2,25,462 (1,21,000 boys and 1,03,000 girls) of whom the number yet to be provided with educational facilities was 1,00,413 (54,000 boys and 46,000 girls)

Elementary education was compulsory for all children of school age only in 31 villages, excluding the two municipalities ~~of which were in Malnad.~~ The entire cost of the introduction of compulsory education was met by Government.

Education was free [illegible] the district up to the 6th standard in all elementary schools run by the District Board and also in lower elementary schools in Malnad. The District Board is granting also school fee concession to poor and deserving students.

In spite of the unsatisfactory financial condition of the Elementary Education Fund it is commendable that the District Board gave special attention to the needs of Malnad by opening as many as 16 out of 24 new schools in school-less centres in 1949-50.

64. EXISTING FACILITIES: A study of the figures will show that provision of more educational facilities in Malnad is very urgent and the opening of new schools should receive a high priority in the development of Malnad. The question arises as to the agency which is to open the schools with the necessary funds. A perusal of the Administration report of the District Board for the year 1949-50 shows that it had to pay to the Elementary Education fund in addition sum of Rs.50,000 from its general funds as ordered by Government to wipe out the deficit in the Elementary Education Fund. The financial

Kasaragod	Kumbla	1	--
	Kasaragod	8	2
	Hosdrug	6	2
	Hilesbwa	3	-
		18	4
	Total	208	91

The estimated number of children of school age in the District Board area as on 31.3.50 was 2,25,462 (1,21,460 boys and 1,03,996 girls of whom the number yet to be provided with educational facilities was 1,00,419 (44,622 boys and 55,801 girls)

Elementary education was compulsory for all children of school age only in 21 villages, excluding the two Municipalities ~~of which were in Malnad~~. The entire cost of the introduction of compulsory education was met by Government.

Education was free throughout the district up to the 6th Standard in all Elementary schools run by the District Board and also in Higher Elementary schools in Malnad. The District Board is granting also school fee concession to poor and deserving students.

In spite of the unsatisfactory financial condition of the Elementary Education Fund it is commendable that the District Board gave special attention to the needs of Malnad by opening as many as 16 out of 24 new schools in school-less centres in 1949-50.

64. IMPROVING FACILITIES: A study of the figures will show that provision of more educational facilities in Malnad is very urgent and the opening of new schools should receive a high priority in the development of Malnad. The question arises as to the agency which is to open the schools with the necessary funds. A perusal of the administration report of the District Board for the year 1949-50 shows that it had to pay to the Elementary Education fund an additional sum of Rs.50,000 from its general funds as ordered by Government to wipe out the deficit in the Elementary Education Fund. The financial

position of the fund in the current year appears to be worse and in spite of the increase of Education cess this year from 24 pies in the rupee of land assessment to 36 pies, the budget estimate shows a deficit of about 6 lakhs. As the Elementary Education fund of the Board is working with a continued deficit, Government have ordered that no new expenditure connected with the openings of schools and employment of additional teachers should be incurred and that no subsidy will be sanctioned from the State funds. It seems the Government were requested to reconsider this order and permit the Board to open new schools in school less centres, but we understand that Government have insisted upon the Board's desisting from opening any new schools which it cannot finance from [illegible]n funds. In this sad and unfortunate position, the Board, anxious as it is for the extension of Elementary Education by opening new schools, is quite unable to move its little finger and it fades entirely out of the picture. The next agency in the field is the village Panchayat Board. Out of the 91 school [illegible] schedule XI there are village Panchayats in as many as 28 centres. Of these in Puttur taluk alone which is the heart of Malnad, 23 but of the 43 school less villages are covered by P[illegible]. The Dt.Panchayat Officer, whom we examined admits that there is provision for Govt. subsidies available to Panchayat Boards for opening of more schools. One wonders why it is that Panchayats which should be have rushed to fill up all the gaps by opening new schools in all the school less centres in their area are idle. In the case of villages, where there are no Panchayat Boards existing at present the new act No.IX of 1950 which will be brought into force before long throughout the State, will automatically bring into existence village Panchayats in all the villages, one of the important functions of which is the opening and maintaining of schools. The starting of schools by Panchayats by Govt. subsidies is the second line of hope for improvement of educational facilities in Malnad.

60.DIFFICULTIES OF PANCHAYAT SCHOOLS. We find that Panchayat are on an up-hill path to education in Malnad. We cannot but emphasise the various difficulties experienced by Panchayats in

past which resulted in the closure of as many as 38 schools in the district (vide Appendix XII) of which 29 were in Puttur Taluk. Excluding the 7 in Non Malnad the remaining 22 were in Malnad villages. Just a peep into the past history of the organisation of village Panchayats in Puttur taluk is unavoidable in this context. There are now 84 Panchayat covering 119 villages in that taluk of which 64 Panchayats covering 74 villages are in Malnad. Nearly all the Panchayats existing at present in the taluk were started in the era of the defunct Puttur taluk Board between the years 1925 and 1934 and were due to the labours of the President of the taluk Board, who happens to be on our Committee now. The starting of the large number of Panchaya- was entirely due to the inspiration of and the encouragement given to the President by the then Inspector General of Panchayats, Sri N. Gopalaswami Iyyangar (now Minister in the Union Government) He suggested the formation of village Panchayats solely for opening schools wherever needed, if not for other purposes and he was of opinion that the starting of the schools and the ---- on of this important activity will release into operation the dormant rural civic conscience and pave the way for the gradual remedying of the other wants and needs of the villagers in respect of public health, communications etc. It was in response to this advice that a large number of Panchayats were started and schools were also opened. The spread of elementary education was taken up enthusiastically by the Taluk Board, especially because its own resources were, as can be expected, attenuated and did not admit of the opening of any new schools. As a result, over 50 schools (about 54) were started in the taluk and some buildings were put up with the help of villagers and grants from Government. It is tragic to find that after the liquidation of the Taluk Board and passing of local administration into the hands of the Dt.Board, the driving force behind the Panchayats came to an end and the Panchayats with their schools were left to the administration of the Panchayat Officer. The result was the gradual closure of the schools for various reasons and the casualty list which confronts us is appalling. It is worthwhile to analyse the reasons for this stepping back

in education in the villages.

66. DIFFICULTIES ANALYSED: The officers of the Education Department viz. the Deputy Inspectors of schools were (and are still) burdened with the inspections of a very large number of schools. Ordinarily they cannot be expected to do more than 'touch and go' in respect of Panchayat schools opened in nooks and corners playing hide and seek in the interior forest area accessible only on foot. The interest [illegible] officers began and ended with inspection of schools and giving instructions, if any to the school Master and some catch service to the Panchayat President, if he happened to be present at the time of such inspections which were generally not more than once in a year. From the evidence of the Panchayat officer, we gathered that there was hardly any co-ordination between him and the officers of the Education Department which would have helped to cure many of the technical defects and other difficulties raised by that Department for withdrawal of recognition. One of the prominent caused was the low strength and attendance in the schools. This due undoniably to (1) the notorious ill health of the villages, chiefly due to the scourage of Malaria (2) the distances to be covered by the children to the school through forest pathways (3) the want of sufficient time for coming home for the midday meals, for which only a nominal substitute was served by bringing buthies (rustic food packets) containing non descript kind of food (4) the lethargy and apathy of the parents unstimulated by outside influence and pressure and (5) the want of sufficient interest on the part of the teacher whose remuneration was unduly low and actual disbursement was at varying vexatious intervals caused mostly by having to draw the money from the distant Taluk Treasuries. These were some of the main causes that brought about the closure of these schools. As has been rightly urged in the Memorandum of the landholders(Association, 'in urban areas, there is no need for propaganda as people know the value of education and municipalities or major Panchayat can afford to start their own schools whereas in rural areas, especially in Malnad, people deserve special consideration and treatment in the matter of

grant and enforcement of the Madras Educational Rules.'

67.MINIMUM AVERAGE ATTENDANCE: From what has been said it is abundantly clear that the existing standards of minimum average attendance of 20 should be specially reduced for Malnad schools and the District Educational Officer given full discretio to relax and give all possible opportunities to schools serve the villages without being stifled prematurely on technica[illegible]ounds. We specially recommend this departure from the general rules as the application of the same standard will prove fatal to Malnad schools and the area will always remain stapped in ignorance and illiteracy. The special Officer District Board had in his letter R.O.C.17008-E1-48 dated 5.3.49 to the Director of Public Instruct[illegible]d that Government may be moved to amend the Elementary Education Rules so that the average attendance of 15 per month may be considered sufficient for the purpose of satisfying the efficiency Tests for Malnad schools. We fully endorse and support this proposal.

68.STAFF:- SALARIES:' One of the main bottle-necks of Panchayat schools is the recruitment of teachers. The District Board itself with its more attractive scale of salaries and better financial resources, has been suffering for want of trained teachers. On 31.3.50, the Board had 1975 teachers, of whom 109 were untrained. We read from the last Administration report that for want of trained teachers, the Board was constrained to appoint untrained teachers after obtaining approval of the District Educational Officer and they were replaced by trained teachers as and when such teachers became available. The proportion of untrained teachers to the total strength remained,however the same as in the previous year. There is hardly any doubt that teachers, as soon as they get out of the Training school, prefer District Board service to Panchayat Board service. In fact, the majority turn to

to District Board service. A few go temporarily to the Villages. They accept service in the village as Hobson's choice but they will always have an eye on getting into the District Board service after the factors which compelled them to go to the villages have ceased to play. It is of paramount importance, therefore, to place the scale of pay of teachers in Panchayat schools on a par w that of those in District Board schools. The argument that the difference between the two scales is due to the cheaper costof living in the villages and the freedom from transfers incidental t service under the District Board, is not of much practical use, as experience has shown that the trend of Panchayat school masters trying to jump into District Board service has not abated in the least and the attraction of the higher pay is too strong to be repressed and is not offset by economic considerations of comparative expenses of living. We would, therefore, strongly press that the scales of pay for services in both the boards may be the same and that grants to Panchayat Boards should be enhanced suitab To give additional weightage to Panchayat service in Malnad which is now regarded as being in the nature of self-inflicted penal servitude, we recommend payment of a special allowance of Rs. 15/- per month to teachers in Malnad schools. This was urged by the Special Officer in the case of District Board schools in Malnad in the letter referred to in the ~~succeeding~~ preceding para.

9. Recruitment and Control:- Another belt which stands in the way of Panchayats attracting trained teachers is the unwri~~tten~~ label of inferiority ~~&~~ them. It is a fact that th best of men in the Malnad villages who manage Panchayat Boards are in point of education, outlook, general attainment and polish, often inferior to trained teachers whom they appoint and control. On the part of the teachers, therefore, their superiority complex is likely to operate in their avoiding service under such a management often swayed and rocked by personal emotions, quarrels and disputes which the teacher, steeped in such an atmosphere, cann successfully avoid or resist so long as he lives in the village depending upon one or the other of the parties for his lodging or

perhaps for food and other help to maintain himself and his family. The only way to [illegible] and teacher and consequentially the school which he runs is to make [illegible] dependant of those abnormal peaceful village life. We, therefore, maintain that, in order that the teacher may not be a victim of village politics, it is absolutely necessary to constitute a General Authority for recruitment which should also be invested with the powers for transfers and punishments. We prefer to vest this authority in the Educational Department, which, in our opinion, should be held solely responsible for the opening and maintenance of Panchayat schools [illegible] with the District Panchayat Officer and the Village Panchayats. This proposal has the additional merit of doing away with dual control and making the Educational Department almost exclusively responsible for the well-being and continuance of the schools. At present, there is practically not to shed a tear if a school is closed and there is always the ready and handy explanation blaming the Panchayat for its sins of omission and commission which have led to the ruin of the school. Unless the definite responsibility is fixed in this way on a Central Authority, we do not think that matters will improve in regard to the extension of education in Malnad through Panchayats. Far better it is that the Government itself should open all the schools and meet the entire cost as in the case of Labour and Fisherman's school Malnad, taken as a whole, is an intensely backward area and a special departure from the ordinary policy in shouldering the entire financial burden is absolutely essential as a first step towards Malnad development. The only draw-back in Government's taking the burden exclusively is that it may dry up the springs of local initiative and helpfulness and the interest of Panchayats and of the Villagers in general in the school may not be roused and stimulated up to the mark.

70/- Finances. We are further strengthed in the above proposal when we examine the financial resources of Village Panchayats which are very slender. Even under the new Act, the resources do not give much promise of substantial improvement to enable them to make adequate contributions for the school, which will always suffer in every way

lack of funds. The Panchayats have a far wider sphere of action assigned to them under the new Act, very few of which can be accomplished successfully with funds even at the low ebb. All things considered the burden and responsibility of running the schools should be taken up by Government, as both the District Board and Village Panchayats are devoid of the needed financial resources.

1. Working plan. It may be that in the geographical conditions of Malnad villages in this District, in some Villages, the houses are so scattered that it may not be possible to open any school at all In such cases, if there is no scope for schools with standards I to the question of starting at least feeder schools with only standards I to III will have to be taken up. In order to cover all villages in Malnad, we recommend the adoption of a five year plan, under which schools may be started in 20 villages at least each year. In the first two years, schools may be opened in centres where the public give a free building and equipment. The plan may be worked without prejudice to private effort in opening schools, which should be fully encourage and exploited.

HIGHER ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS.

73. There are at present only 12 Higher Elementary schools in Malnad out of 144 in the district (10 in Municipal areas and 134 in District Board areas). Strong representations have been made before us for the opening of more Higher Elementary schools and accordingly we fully support the raising of the existing lower elementary schools to Higher Grade in the following centres:-

1. Kolsinda } Puttur Taluk
2. Subramanya }
3. Haravi } Karkal Taluk.
4. Muniyal }
5. Wandse. } Coondapur taluk
6. Adur } Kasaragod taluk.

Of these No.3 Subramanya has a history behind it. The Subramanya Panchayat had opened the school and was running it for a long time past during which period it has been growing and improving in strength and efficiency until the necessity for raising it to Hi-

to Higher Elementary grade was very keenly felt. As the system of grants for H.E.classes in Panchayat schools has been dis-continued, the Panchayat applied to the District Board for taking over of their school and raising it to Higher Elementary Grade. The District Board accordingly took it over this year, but unfortunately, the very object of the transfer has been defeated by the strict ban placed on the District Board by Government not to open new schools or incure additional expenditure for new teachers. We are sorry that the future of the school has been blocked in this un-expected manner.

We are glad that the Board has since taken up the matter with Government, who have been pleased in their Memo No.20029-C/50-1 Education dated 4-8-1950 to permit the Board to open Higher Standards in incomplete H.Elementary schools and also to open Higher Elementary standards in Lower Elementary schools wherever necessary provided tha the expenditure provided for under the head "salaries and allowances" and approved by Government is not exceeded. Accordingly under instructions from the Director, the Divisional Inspector has permitte the opening of the VI standard in the Subramanya School subject to the Instructions contained in the G.O.

SECONDARY EDUCATION.

73. There are four Middle schools in the district, of which 3 are exclusively for girls. Of these, one for boys and one for girls is in Municipal area and the remaining 2 girls' schools are in the District Board area. There is no Middle school at all in Malnad. As regards High Schools, out of the 60 in the district, 46 are for Boys and 14 for girls, of which 11 for boys and 3 for girls are in Municipal area and the remaining 35 for boys and 5 for girls are in ~~Municipal area and the remaining 35 for boys and 5 for girls are in District Board area. Out of these 60 schools in the distri~~ D.B. area, Out of these 60 schools in the District, only 3 are in Malnad, viz. at Ujire and Sullia- both in Puttur ta These are comparatively recent. The Ujre High School is an aided school run by the Sri. Karnatak Gurukul Education society started in 1947 on the initiative of Sri.D.Manjayya Hegde, M.L.C., as President under whose illustrious and inspiring lead and exam- a coupled with the enthusiastic work and guidance of Sri. K.B.

Jinaraja Hegde (Secretary, Landholders' Association)
who is the correspondant of the school, the leading people in the country around came forward with generous donations both in the shape of lands as well as cash, amounting to nearly Rs. one lakh. Sri. Manjayya Hegde has built a Students' boarding home, at a cost of over Rs.33,000 with a well and extensive grounds around. Close on the crest of hillock commanding an uninterrupted view of the charming country around, the society is constructing the school buildings with the aid of Government grants which is in an advance stage of progress and will be completed before the close of the current year. The VI form in the school was just been opened. The boarding arrangements and the attractive natural surroundings and health and salubrious climate of the place has attracted students from far and near and the strength of the school is very encouraging We are glad that successive Hon'ble Ministers for Education have given all encouragement and facilities for the opening of this school which has supplied a long felt need of the taluk which had till then only one High School in the taluk headquarters at Puttur. The Sullia High School has just been opened by the District Board in June last with Forms I to IV and at present it is located in a temporary shed and in the local ccoperative society's building temporarily vacated to make room for it. The District Board opened the school subject to the condition of the peoples' providing the necessary equipment for starting the school the building for temporary locating it and the construction of a permanent building for the High school. The opening of the school is the result of an agitation on the part of the people from some time past which Sri. K.V.Gowda, B.A.B.L.Advocate Puttur, the member representing the Sullia circle in the newly-constituted District Board, took up with enthusiasm and already-contributed-District pushed successfully through. It is understood that the people have already contributed over Rs.30,000 for the school and there is every promise that the full amount of money aggregating to nearly a lakh of rupees will be forthcoming from the Sullia firka which will be served by it.

It has been urged before us that Highschools should to opened at Panja, Kadaba, Bellare in Puttur taluk, Hebri and Bajagoli in Karkal taluk and in Shankaranarayana in Coondapur taluk. Out of these six centres, there is a stir among the people in the first 3 centres for collecting money and giving the initial help by way of equipment, buildings, etc., as has been done at Sullia. The Board at its last meeting held in August, has appointed a Committee to go into the question as to the most promising and needy of the three which will serve the largest number or population and attract the highest degree of help and cooperation from the people. The District Board is at present running 8 Highschools, of which 3 are in Coondapur taluk and one in each of the other 8 taluks, The net cost of which in the yearl 1949-50 amounted to Rs.62,237/ the Government contribution by way of grants being Rs.70,000 and about already Rs.125000 being realised by way of school fees, etc. We have already referred in para 53 to the deficit of a little over Rs.2 lakhs in the current year's General budget of the District Board and of the orders of Government directing it to retrench its expenditure so as to balance the budget. The Sullia School had not been provided for in the budget, but has been taken up since, as the Board was convinced of the real need and urgency of the institution in that area and the offer of the people to bear the heavy initial cost could not be turned down lightly. The Board may somehow adjust its finances to meet the cost of the School and develop it into a complete High School. On account of the paucity of funds, the District Board will be unable to launch any new high schools, unless the deficit caused by each school to the extent of about Rs. 5,000 is found. The President of the District Board. in his evidence, has clearly said that it is not possible to open any new institution, either medical or educational in the present poor financial condition of the Board Out of the six centres mentioned already, where the opening of the new schools has been urged before us, we support the opening of a High school in one of the 3 centres in Puttur taluk which will be

decided by the committee appointed by it and 3 more schools, one at Shankernarayna and the other at Hebri. Since the District Board is unable to undertake new additional expenditure, we recommend, in view of the real necessity for the schools in the interest of education, that Government may be pleased to give full grants to the District Board for opening schools in these areas, provided the people interested come forward with their contributions by way of initial equipment and building as has been done in other instances in the district, such as in the case of Gullia, Hiriadka and Adaar (Both in Udipi Taluk) and Koteshwar (in Coondapur Taluk).

TRAINING SCHOOLS.

75. Increased facilities for education by the opening of more schools necessarily call for the employment of teachers and the necessity arises for making greater provision for the training of a larger number of teachers. There are only 10 Training Schools, 5 for men and 5 for women in the district, of which 3 are for men and 4 for women are in Municipal area and the remaining 2 for men and one for women in the District Board area. Not a single one of these is to be found in Malnad. Here again, the dire need of Malnad appeals for immediate attention, in the absence of which provisions for educational facilities in Malnad becomes impossible. In this matter also, it is very gratifying to note that Sri.D.Manjayya Hegde, M.A. came forward at a critical moment to open a school under his manager in Ujre, as it was found that Government could not provide funds to start a school of its own in the current year. On the assurance given by Government that the school will be taken over next year, Sri. Hegde has undertaken this additional burden, actuated solely by his keen desire for the spread of education in Malnad. We have submitted to Government an interim representation on the urgency of the Government's starting this school. We are glad that the Junior Basic Training school was opened by Sri.Hegde on 29th August last. On account of the delay in the decision of this question by Government, the school could not be opened earlier. Nevertheless, irrespective of want of sufficient previous

previous publicity the school had a fairly encouraging strength of 27 on the opening day itself. It only remains for us to urge that as the needs of Malnad are far greater than the coastal and intermediate area, at least one more Training school preferably in Kundapur taluk may be opened, so as to afford training for teachers coming from Malnad country, so as to assure an adequate supply of teachers teachers for all the schools now existing and to be opened hereafter.

ADULT EDUCATION.

76. This is a subject which we feel we cannot refrain from touching though briefly as it is connected with the improvement of facilities for education in Malnad referred to us for examination. On the important subject of wiping out of adult illiteracy, we extract below the important and relevent portion from "MADRAS" 26th January 1950, published by the Government of Madras:-

" The problem of adult literacy in Madras is of gigantic proportions. There are about 19 Million illiterate adults between the ages of 12 and 45 i.e, nearly 5 times the number of schools children. There are 3 sets of difficulties involved in tackling this problem:

Financial, Organisational and Personal. The Bill for educating 19 millions at an estimated cost of Rs.6/- per head is Rs.11.4 crores assuming that any considerable body of persons can be literated in 4 months. If the time taken comes to six months, the cost will go up to 17.1 Lack of teachers is the organisational problem the number of teachers required if the plan is to be completed in 5 years will be 63000. The personal factor [illegible] is the individual's reaction to education. The illiterate has to be convinced and not compelled---- The scheme of adult education adumbrated by Government provided for the opening of one adult literary schools throughout the province.".

Let us now see how this scheme has worked here so far. adult literacy schools under aided management and six under management of the District Board have been opened in the district

Out of 60 adult trained teachers, 31 have been appointed in these schools. All these schools, except a solitary one at Vandse in Coondapur taluk are outside Malnad area. There are 1014 adults under instruction and 346 adults have been made literate till now. There is a proposal for starting another training school for adult school teacher[illegible] Karkal at an early date, but it is yet to materialise. It was represented before us that an adult school was opened in Koldnada centre in Puttur Taluk but after struggling for some time, the school dropped out, perhaps because it did not satisfy the requirements and the voluntary efforts made did not receive sufficient encouragement and response. There is no doubt that there is a large field for adult education in Malnad and we recommend that vigorous steps may be taken to train as many teachers as possible of the malnad area in the proposed school at Karkal.

LIBRARIES.

77. There is just a faint shadow of the library movement in Malnad. How it forms a very important part of education need not be explained. What the District Board has done, with regard to public libraries is set out briefly in the last Administration Report in there 2 sentences: " The Board did not maintain any public libraries. A section of the High School Library in all High Schools was set apart for use of the public". What use was actually made by the public of these sections has not been stated. Anyhow, all the highschools and their libraries made available to the public are in non-malnad and the only District Board school in Malnad was born in last June and has yet * to creep a long way towards the formation of a library available to the public. Turning to Panchayats, we find that [illegible] Panchayats, only 6, none of which are in Malnad, spent Rs.1202 in all for their public libraries. Of the minor Panchayats in the district, the administration report of only 48-49 is available, as figures for the year ended 31-3-1950 are just now being compiled. It is seen that in 1948-49, 77 minor panchayats out of a total of 220 had libraries, on which they spent Rs.4074. 64 of them had reading rooms maintained at a cost of Rs 810

The figures for Malnad could not be compiled and we think it is not worth while to take the trouble as the whole sorry picture is very discouraging and depressing. Out of 220 minor Panchayats, 70 are in Malnad. We need hardly say more on this subject than expressing a fervent desire and hope that the provision of libraries on a fair scale may receive that amount of attention and interest which it deserves at the hands of the newly constituted Library Authority of the District.

APPENDIX A1

SCHOOL LESS VILLAGES.

Taluk	Firka	Villages.	
Puttur	Sullia (33)	Mupiriya, Ainakidu, Kuthukunja, Kalkur, Harihara Pallatadka, Balagodu, Kalmakar, Madapady, Mellur-Kemraje.	9
	Uppinangady (22)	Murulya, Pe abe, Muji-Balthila, Kunthur, Renjalady, Kombar, Aithur, Kodimbala, Dolpady, Kenya.	10
	Kokkada (25)	Belal, Chibidre, Nadle, Puduvettu, Shisla, Shibaje, Patrame, Bandar, Manthaya, Konabe, Helyady, Konaje, Shirabagilu, Kaniyur, Nyayathurf.	1
	Belthangady (25)	Navur, Kanyadi, Malavantige, Neriya, Savnal, Mundur, Sonandur, Charmady, Laila	9
	Puttur (7)	Kodiyala, Kanyur, Kaimana. Kudmar. Chervaka.	5
Karkal	Venur (29)	Badekodi, Gunduri, Bajare, Savya, Kukkedi, Marodi Kuthlur, Sulkeri, Sulkerinogru, Navara, Shirlal, Karambar, Kudyady 7.	13.
	Mudabidri (6)	Kellaputhige, Panapila, Mantr--	3
	Ajekar (23)	Belinje, Kukkuje, Jarkala	3
Coondapur	Baindur (9)	Golihole, Jadkal, Mudur, Mudur, Hallihole.	4
	Vandse (22)	Korady, Kamalashile, Hosur, Bellal, Idur-Kunjady, Machattu, Yedamoge, Alur	8
	Coondapur (11)	Kulanji, Hengavalli, Hattadi, Amashebail	4
Udipi	Kota(10)	Kadur, Avarsho	2
	Brahmavar(9)	Henchar, Haluvalli	2
Kasaragos	Kasaragod (8)	Kolthur, Bandadka	2
	Hosdrug (6)	Kodoth, Maloth	2
			91

APPENDIX XII

LIST OF PANCHAYAT SCHOOLS CLOSED IN SOUTH KANARA.

MALNAD			NON MALNAD		
TALUK	FIRKA	SCHOOL	TALUK	FIRKA	SCHOOL
Puttur	Sullia	Kuthkunja Hariharapal- athadka	Puttur	Puttur	Puttur Bappalige) Bellipady Aryapu
	Uppinangady.	Perabe Nujibaltila Kunthur Hosubar Dolpady Alankar Kutrupady Patrame.		Uppinangady-	Uppinangady (Kadikar) Uruvalu Mogru Ilantila
			Mangalore	Surathkal.	Delantabettu
~~Kokkada~~	Kokkada ~~-Puduvettu-~~	Shirady Puduvettu Alanthaya Konaje Hathyadka	Karkal	Karkal	Kukkundur (Nakra) Nitte
			Coondapur	Coondapur	. Thakkat
~~Belthangady~~	~~Navur~~ Belthangady	Navur Malavantige Neriya Savanal Mundaje			
	Puttur	Kaniyur Kudmar			
Karkal	Ajekar	Ajekar (Nandar)			
	Total	23			34

equipment grant. Therefore, the schools will run efficiently under the auspices of the District Board. Aided agencies may not come forward in such areas and if they come, they are quite welcome.

... Forest Department may also open schools in some of the centres.

ENROLMENT: Each school should have a minimum average attendance of 20. Similarly, each school should have 5 standards, unless they are recognised as feeder schools with standards I to III. For the first three years, from the date of opening of the schools, the schools may be exempted from satisfying the above conditions, known as efficiency tests Nos. I and II. The schools may be recognised as complete schools and higher standards may be opened year by year. So, to start with. the schools may commence with standards I to III.

WORKING HOURS: The schools may be permitted to work for 3½ hours in one session either in the forenoon or afternoon, so that the pupils may help the parents in their occupation, if necessary. Working of the schools in one session may stimulate the parents to send their children to schools. The problemx of midday meals is also solved thereby.

HIGHER ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS: The number of higher elementary schools in the Malnad area is reported to be 12. The six lower elementary schools in the Puttur, Karkal, Coondapur and Kasargod Taluks may be raised to the status of Higher Elementary Schools, if there are no higher elementary schools closeby and if there is every likelihood of the higher elementary standards securing the requisite strength. The ban regarding the opening of higher elementary schools has been removed under certain conditions and the Divisional Inspectors have been asked to permit the opening of higher elementary schools, wherever there is genuine need, provided the progress in regard to the opening of schools ~~in~~ in school less centres is not hampered thereby.

ALNAD AREAS IN MALABAR DISTRICT: Under similar conditions may be opened in the Malabar District also.

SECONDARY EDUCATION.

According to the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee, there are only two Secondary Schools in the Malnad area viz:

1. Aided School, Ujire with Forms I to VI - Form VI permitted to be opened in 1950-51.

2. Board High School, Sullia - permitted to be opened in 1950-51.

It was urged before the Committee that Secondary Schools might be opened in the following centres:-

1. Panja
2. Kadaba
3. Bellare

} Puttur Taluk (South Kanara District)

4. Hebri
5. Bajagolle

} Karkal Taluk (South Kanara District)

6. Shankarnaraina - Coondapur Taluk (South Kanara District)

It is stated on page 55 of the report that there is ... among the people of the first three centres for collecting money and giving initial help for starting the schools. The District Board appears to have appointed a committee to go into the question of selecting one out of three centres which will serve the largest number of population. The Forest Grievances

equipment grant. Therefore, the schools will run efficiently under the auspices of the District Board. Aided agencies may not come forward in such areas and if they come, they are quite welcome.

The forest Department may also open schools in some of the centres.

ENROLMENT: Each school should have a minimum average attendance of 20. Similarly, each school should have 5 standards, unless they are recognised as feeder schools with standards I to III. For the first three years, from the date of opening of the schools, the schools may be exempted from satisfying the above conditions, known as efficiency tests Nos. I and II. The schools may be recognised as complete schools and higher standards may be opened year by year. So, to start with, the schools may commence with standards I to III.

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MALNAD AREAS IN MALABAR DISTRICT: Under similar conditions, schools may be opened in the Malabar District also.

SECONDARY EDUCATION:

According to the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee, there are only two Secondary Schools in the Malnad area viz:

1. Aided School, Ujire with Forms I to VI - Form VI permitted to be opened in 1950-51.

2. Board High School, Sullia - permitted to be opened in 1950-51.

It was urged before the Committee that Secondary Schools might be opened in the following centres:-

1. Panja
2. Kadaba
3. Bellare

Puttur Taluk (South Kanara District)

4 Hebri
5. Bajagolle

Karkal Taluk (South Kanara District)

6. Shankarnaraina - Coondapur Taluk (South Kanara District)

It is stated on page 55 of the report that there is stir among the people of the first three centres for collecting money and giving initial help for starting the schools. The District Board appears to have appointed a committee to go into the question of selecting one out of three centres which will serve the largest number of population. The Forest Grievances Committee

committee is for opening a Secondary School in one of the centres to be decided by the District Board. The Committee also recommends that two more Secondary Schools: one at Shankernaraina and the other at Hebri may be opened. Since the District Board is unable to finance the scheme, the Committee recommends that Government may give full grants to the Board for opening schools in these centres, the initial equipment and buildings being found by the local people.

The real necessity for Secondary Schools in the three centres will have to be explored and this can be done only on a reference to the local Inspecting Officers. There is hardly time to make a reference of the kind now. Further, the maturation of the scheme depends upon the Government providing subsidies for running the schools. If the Government decide the question of finance and on the basis of this decision the District Board is inclined to open Secondary Schools in these centres, then it appear worthwhile to make a detailed investigation by the Local Inspecting Officers into the question of need for these schools. Meanwhile the effect and progress of the proposed raising of the 6 Lower Elementary Schools in the Puttur, Karkal, Coondapur and Kasargod Taluk into higher elementary schools may be watched after the proposals materialies

ADULT EDUCATION - OPENING OF ADULT LITERACY SCHOOLS AND TRAINING CENTRES:

Just as the Inspecting Officers have been instructed to give priority in the matter of opening of Adult Schools to Firka Development areas, the concerned Inspecting Officers namely, the District Educational Officer, South Kanara, District Educationa Officers, South and Central Malabar will be instructed to give all possible encouragement in the matter of opening of more Adult Literacy Schools in this area with a view eradicate illiteracy in the Malnad area.

Since Adult Schools managed by Local Bodies are treated just as Aided Schools for purposes of grant, the President, District Board, South Kanara and the President, District Board, Malabar will be persuaded to give a further fillip in this direction.

Regarding the opening of a Government Training School for Adult School Teachers at Karkala, the Divisional Inspector of Schools, Coimbatore has suggested that only one course may be conducted at this centre. As a number of factors have to be considered before a venue is fixed, the needs of this area will also be borne in mind before the Training Centre is fixed up in the Kannada and Malayalam areas.

LIBRARIES:

Though the Madras Public Libraries Act, 1948, came into effect from 1-4-1950, much appreciable work has not so far been done, as it is only recently the Local Library Authorities in in Districts have been formed and real work of putting the librar service into effect cannot still be begun for want of funds etc. The District Educational Officers of South Kanara and Central Malabar - (who are the ex-officio Secretaries of Local Library Authorities) - will, however be requested to take special interes in spreading library service in the Malnad Development scheme.

Yours faithfully,

17/11/50

for DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

suggestions in original
file through grievances enquiry
months

Copy submitted through the Secretary, to Govt Education Department, Madr

RVR 17/11/-

17/11

Copy of letter from the Government of India, Ministry of Food and Agriculture (Agriculture), No.F.14-31/50-GMF (Co.)., dated 12th February 1951.

Sub:- INTERIM REPORT OF THE CENTRAL MALNAD PLANNING COMMITTEE.

***

I am directed to forward ten copies of the interim report of the Central Malnad Planning Committee and to say that according to the report, the State Governments concerned with Malnad areas are to formulate individual schemes for the areas in their States, on the lines indicated by the Committee in its report. It is, therefore, requested that early action may please be taken to formulate such schemes and forward them to the Government of India. It is also requested that comments of the State Governments on the various recommendations of the Committee incorporated in their interim report may also be sent to the Government of India as early as possible and in any case, not later than 15th March, 1951.

(True copy).

Copy of letter No.F.14-31/50.G.S.(P) dated the 8th June, 1951 from the Additional Secretary to the Government of India, Ministry of Food & Agriculture (Agri.), New Delhi to the Chief Secretary to the Government of Madras, Madras.

Subject:- Winding up of the Central Malnad Planning Committee.

I am directed to refer to the Government of India Resolution No.F.14-10/50.G.M.F.(Co), dated the 5th October, 1950, regarding the setting up of the Central Malnad Planning Committee and to say that in accordance with the terms of reference outlined therein, the Central Malnad Planning Committee submitted their interim report, which contains an outline of the immediate and short-term plans recommended by them for these areas. Copies of these reports have since been sent to the State Governments for their comments and also for formulating specific schemes for their portions of the Malnad Region vide this Ministry's letter No.F.14-31/50-G.M.F. (Co) dated 12-2-51. While the replies from the State Governments are awaited, the report has been examined by the Government of India, with special reference to its financial implications. In view of the heavy expenditure involved and also in view of the inability of the Central Government to assist the State Governments in the implementation of the schemes recommended by the Committee, it has been decided that the Committee need not proceed further with this work, and that the Committee should accordingly be

(p.t.o)

be wound up with immediate effect. In the circumstances, the constitution of a Central Malnad Development Board, as originally contemplated will no longer be necessary. It is requested that the representatives of the State Governments on the above Committee may be informed accordingly.

(True copy).

Superintendent.

KR.15/6.

Education Deptt.(C)

Part II Scheme for 1952-53.

Subject: Education-Opening of eight elementary schools and conversion of six lower elementary schools into higher elementary schools in the Malnad area of South Kanara District)

HEAD OF ACCOUNT	ITEM OF EXPENDITURE.	SUMMARY ULTIMATE COST Recurring	SUMMARY ULTIMATE COST Non-Recurring	COST IN 1952-53 Recurring	COST IN 1952-53 Non-Recurring
(1)	(2)	(3) Rs	(4) Rs	(5) Rs.	(6) Rs
37.X.Education.Primary-Grants to Local Bodies for Primary education-A.Local Bodies I.Ordinary areas(1) Excluding Post War Reconstruction 3.Grants for backward Districts for the expansion of District Board Elementary Schools.	(1) Opening of eight elementary schools in the Malnad area of South Kanara District and (2) Raising of six lower elementary schools into higher elementary schools.	~~6480~~ 6500 / 12600	9200 / --	~~6480~~ 6500 / 12600	9200 / --
TOTAL		Rs. ~~19080~~ 19100	9200	~~19080~~ 19100	9200

9,600 4,600

EXPLANATORY NOTE

page 21 wf

In April 1950, this Government constituted a Committee called 'Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee', South Kanara to investigate the problems relating to the Malnad area in South Kanara and to suggest necessary measure required ~~xxxxxxx~~ to solve them. The Committee has submitted ~~under~~ certa

p1-31 cf

recommendations for the development of the Educational needs ~~of~~ the Malnad area. These recommendations were examine

pp37-41 cf

in consultation with the D.P.I. ~~Telegram with enc.~~ In view of the financial stringency, this Deptt. propose to accept only the following

'x' on p29 wf / proposals in regard to opening of elementary schools etc in the Malnad area of the S.Kanara Districts:-

p 29 wf

pp 35-37 wf

(1.) The opening of eight elementary schools in Malnad area of the S.Kanara district in 1952-53 at an estimated cost of Rs. 6480 recurring and Rs.9200 non-recurring and

(2) The raising of 6 lower elementary schools in Puthur, Karkal, Coondapur and Kasargod taluks to the status of higher elementary schools at a recurring cost.

about Rs. 12,600 p.a., and to pay special subsidy to the district board in view of its poor financial position.

Dev. and Finance Deptts., accept the proposal. The proposals have also been approved in circulation, including H.M.(Finance) and H.C.M.

This Deptt., therefore recommends that provision ~~has~~ indicated in the summary above, may be made under Part II of the B.E. for 1952-53.

23/11/51

26/11/51

2811

Copies despatched to Fin on 11/12/

Education Department (C)

Education--Opening of new elementary schools and conversion of lower elementary schools into higher elementary schools in the Malnad area of South Kanara Dt.--

---

From the Director of Public Instruction,
No. 2432 B1/50 dated 17-11-1950,

From the Director of Public Instruction,
No. 2432 B1/50 dated 30-4-1951.

MEMO.No. 45065-C/57-3 Edn. dated 2-8-52.

The D.P.I. is informed that the following proposals were treated as Part II Schemes for 1952-53:

		Cost in 1952-53
1.	Opening of eight elementary schools in the Malnad area of South Kanara Dt.	Recurring 6,600
2.	Raising of six lower elementary schools into higher elementary schools.	12,600
		19,100.

A total provision of Rs.9,600 only has been made in the budget during 1952-53 towards half the cost of the proposal.

The D.P.I. is requested to furnish details of expenditure that will be incurred during 1952-53.

Recurring 9600
Non-recurring 4600
14,200

To
The D.P.I.

Spl

5 (Edn. Dept+CC)

Education - Opening of new elementary Schools and conversion of lower Ely Schools into higher Ely Schools in the Malnad area of South Kanara D

Govt. Memo. No. 45065-C/51-8 Edn dt 2.8.52

Memo. No. 45065-C/51-4 Edndt. 22-8-52

The DPI is requested to send two reply to the Govt. Memo cited immediately

21.8.52

21/8/52

151C

To
The DPI

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

From

The Director of Public Instruction,
M A D R A S.

To

The Secretary to Government,
Education Department.

Rc.No. 1686-A1/52. Dated 20-9-52.

10.

Sir,

Subject: ELEMENTARY EDUCATION - Opening of new Elementary schools and conversion of Lower elementary schools into Higher elementary schools in the Malnad area of Sputh Kanara District.

Read: Govt. Memo.45065-C/51-3. Edn, dated 2-8-52.

With reference to para 2 of the memo cited, I furnish below the details of expenditure towards the opening of 8 Elementary Schools in the Malnad area of South Kanara for a period of 4 months from 1-11-52 to.28-2-53:-

Pay at Rs.30/- per month for 4 months	Rs.120/-
Dearness allowance at Rs.19/-per month	Rs. 76
Contingencies at Rs.5/-per month	Rs. 20.
Leave salary contribution at 7½%	Rs. 3.
Provident Fund Contribution at 7 1/2%	Rs. 3.
Unhealthy locality allowance at Rs.9 per month	Rs. 36.
Total	Rs.258.

Cost for 8 schools Rs.2064.

2. As there are no definite proposals for the conversion of Lower Elementary schools into Higher Elementary schools in South Kanara District and as it is already late in the year for the conversion of the schools, details of expenditure on this proposal are not furnished. As Malnad area comes under the jurisdiction of District Board South Kanara, Malabar and the Nilgiris. I request you to let me know the names of the District Boards under which the schools have to be opened and the number of schools to be opened by each.

Yours faithfully,

FOR DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

L.AP/22/x.

Encl (1)

Memo No. 45065-C/57-7 Edn. dt. 26.11.52

Sd. Sri. Opening of new elementary schools and Conversion of lower elementary schools into Higher elementary schools in the Madras area of S. Kanara Dt.

From the D.P.I. Rc. no 16841/B1/53-2 dt 20.10.52

The D.P.I. is requested to furnish details of expenditure during 1953-54 that will be incurred in giving effect to the proposals approved in Mem. 45065-C/51-3 dt 2.8.52. The proposals include conversion of the schools or to be started from the next academic year only; arrangements to secure buildings, furniture etc. may have to be made before the close of the current year, & certain expenditure has to be incurred in the current year. The D.P.I. is requested to state the expenditure that may be incurred in the current year on this account

Sd/ 25.11.52

DPI

Sd/ 26/11/52

RKG 26.11.52 5.25 PM

Edn. Dept (C)

Sp)

Ely Edn. - Opening of new ely schools and conversion of lower ely schools into higher ely schools in the Malnad area of S. Kanara Dt.

b 55 cf

Govt. Memo. No. 45065-C/57-7 Edn. dt. 26.11.57.

Memo. No. 45065-C/57-8 Edn. dt. 6-12-57

The DPI is requested to send his reply to the Govt. Memo. cited immediately.

To
The DPI.

6.12.57

6/12/57

Edn Dept (C)

T M No. 45065-C/57-9 Edndt. 12-12-57

From
The AS
Edn.

To
The DPI

Despatched
D.J.
12-12-57

PC to PO

p 55 cf

p 57 cf.

Sub: Ely Edn - Opening of new ely school and conversion of lower ely schools into higher ely schools in the Malnad area of S. Kanara D

Ref: Govt. Memo No. 45065-C/57-7 Edn dt: 26-11-57 and reminder dt. 6-12-57.

Please send your reply to the Govt. references cited immediately.

12/12/57

12/12/57

C No 4506 5/57 — Edn Dept (C)

Ely Edn — Opening of new Ely schools and conversion of lower Ely schools into higher Ely schools in the Malnad area of S. Kanara Dt.

p55 cf
p57 | 59 cf

Govt Memo No 45065-C/51-7 Edn dt 26-11-52 and reminders dt 6-12-52 and 12-12-52

Memo. No 45065-C/51-10 Edn dt 7-1-53

To
The DPI

The DPI is requested to send this reply to the Memo cited immediately

Nm
6-1-53

7/1/53

7/1/53

Edn. Deptt (C)

CNo. 45065/57

Ely Edn - Opening of new elementary Schools and conversion of lower elementary Schools into higher elementary Schools in the Malnad area of S Kanara Dt.

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p 55 ct
p 57-61 ct

~~From the~~ Govt. Memo No. 45065-C/51-7 Edn dt 26.11.52 and subsequent reminder

---

Memo No. [redacted] Edn dt [redacted]

The attention of the DPI is invited to the references cited above. Not even an interim reply has been received so far. The DPI is requested to look into the matter personally and send a reply immediately.

To
The DPI

21.1.53

21-1-53.

21/1/53.

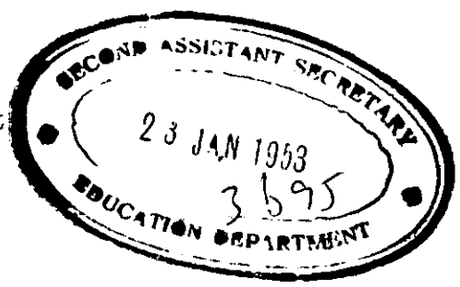
Rc.No.1686/B1/52, dated 21.1.53 Education Department

From

The Director of Public Instruction,
Madras.

To

The Secretary to Government,
Education Department,
Madras.



Sir,

Sub: Elementary Education - Malnad area - South Kanara District - Opening of new elementary schools and conversion of Lower Elementary Schools into Higher Elementary Schools.

P 49 ante

Ref: Government Memo No.45065/C/51/3, Edn. dated 2.8.52 and Government Memo No.45065/C/51-7, Edn. dated 26.11.52.

P 55 ante

*****

The President, District Board, South Kanara has furnished the following figures for the opening of 8 Lower Elementary Schools and raising the six lower elementary schools into Higher Elementary schools under recurring and non-recurring charges. He has not furnished details. I am addressing him to furnish details for the amounts suggested urgently and to report the probable amount required for expenditure during the current year for buildings, furniture etc. in respect of these schools.

	Reurring	Non-recurring
Opening 8 Elementary Schools	Rs.4,800/-	Rs.47,500
Conversion of 6 Elementary Schools into Higher Elementary Schools	13,576 /	Rs.72,600
	18,376	

Yours faithfully,

L. Bare, 22/1
For Director of Public Instructi

Edn Dept (c)

The particulars referred to at A above may be awaited till 7.2.53.

28.1.53

28/1/53.

29/1/53

Ex. Rr. 12-2-53

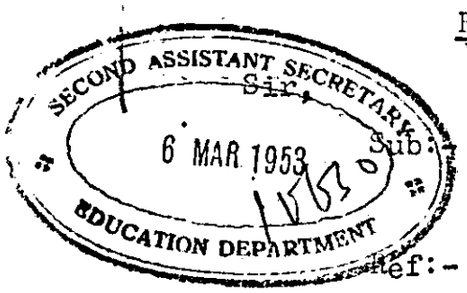
10.2.53

Education Department

From
The Director of Public Instruction,
Madras.

To
The Secretary to Government,
Education Department, Madras

Roc.No.1686-B1/52 dated 3-3-1953.



Sir,

Sub:- District Board--South Kanara ... Area--Opening of Lower Elementary Schools and conversion of Lower Elementary Schools into Higher Elementary Schools

Ref:- 1) Government Memorandum No.45065-C/51-7 Education dated 26-11-1952
2) This office letter Roc.No.1686-B1/52 dated 21-1-195..

I submit herewith a copy of the letter Roc.No.29091-E1/52 dated 2-2-1953 of the President, District Board, South Kanara furnishing details for the amounts shown under recurring and non-recurring items of expenditure.

In this connection, I submit that the figures furnished are far in excess of the recommendation made in this office Roc.No.2432-B1/50 dated 17-11-1950 and 30-4-1951. The amounts recommended by this office for Building and equipment are given below.

Lower Elementary Schools:

Building (shed) - Rs.1,000/- per school		
for 8 Schools Rs.1,000 x 8	=	Rs.8,000
Equipment Rs.150/- per school		
for 8 Schools Rs.150 x 8	=	1,200

Conversion of six Lower Elementary Schools into Higher Elementary Schools:

Equipment Rs.300/- per school		
for 6 Schools Rs.300 x 6		1,800
Building. Nil		
		Rs.11,000

There is not much time to make arrangements for Building and furniture this year. The District Board may be asked to open the schools early in May 1953.

Yours faithfully,

For Director of Public Instruction

ARR.4.3.

P.T.O.

Copy of letter Roc.No.29091-E1/52 dated 2-2-1953 from the President, District Board, South Kanara, Mangalore to the Director of Public Instruction, Madras.

Sub:- Establishment--Elementary Education--Malnad area South Kanara District--Opening of 8 Lower Elementary Schools and conversion of 6 Lower Elementary Schools into Higher Elementary Schools -Probable estimated expenditure

Ref:- Your letter Rc.No.1686-B1/52 dated 21-1-1953.

With reference to your letter cited above, I furnish below the particulars required.

Opening of 8 Lower Elementary Schools.

Recurring cost

Pay, D.A. and contingencies due to 8 teachers per annum. 30+19+1 x 8 x 12	4,800

Non-recurring cost

8 buildings with 100 school places each 5,000 x 8	40,000
Furniture and equipments for 8 Lower Elementary Schools	2,500
Total	Rs.42,500

Conversion of 6 Elementary Schools into Higher Elementary Schools:-

Recurring cost

Pay and D.A. due to 18 secondary grade teachers for 3 years.	40+21 x3 x6x12	13,176--0--0
Headmaster's allowance.	...	200--0--0
Contingencies	... ..	200--0--0
		13,576--0--0

Non-recurring cost

For 6 buildings	10,000 x 6 =	60,000
Furniture	1,500 x 6 =	9,000
Prevocational equipment	300 x 6 =	1,800
Science apparatus	300 x 6 =	1,800
		72,600

If the building are not provided immediately for Lower Elementary Schools, the rented buildings will have to be occupied

(True copy)

For Director of Public Instruction

ARR.B.3.

Edn Dept(c) 67

TM No. 45065-c/51-12 Rdt. 14.4.53

From
The A.S.
Edn.

To
The DPI

Sub: Ely Schools - Dt. Board, S. Kanara - Opening of lower ely schools and conversion of lower ely schools into Higher Ely Schools

Ref: Your letter No. 1686-B1/52 dt 3.3.53

It is presumed from your letter cited that no expenditure has been incurred during 1952-53 on the above scheme. Please state whether the presumption is correct. Please also state whether

any provision has been made under Part I of the budget for 1953-54 for the scheme.

10.4.53

14/4/53

Issued 14/4

Copy of letter Roc.No.29091-E1/52 dated 2-2-1953 from the President, District Board, South Kanara, Mangalore to the Director of Public Instruction, Madras.

Sub:- Establishment--Elementary Education--Malnad area South Kanara District--Opening of 8 Lower Elementary Schools and conversion of 6 Lower Elementary Schools into Higher Elementary Schools -Probable estimated expenditure

Ref:- Your letter Rc.No.1686-B1/52 dated 21-1-1953.

With reference to your letter cited above, I furnish below the particulars required.

Opening of 8 Lower Elementary Schools.

Recurring cost

Pay, D.A. and contingencies due to 8 teachers per annum. 30+19+1 x 8 x 12	4,800

Non-recurring cost

8 buildings with 100 school places each 5,000 x 8	40,000
Furniture and equipments for 8 Lower Elementary Schools	2,500
Total	Rs.42,500

Conversion of 6 Elementary Schools into Higher Elementary Schools:-

Recurring cost

Pay and D.A. due to 18 secondary grade teachers for 3 years.	40+21 x3 x6x12	13,176--0--0
Headmaster's allowance.	... ..	200--0--0
Contingencies	... ..	200--0--0
		13,576--0--0

Non-recurring cost

For 6 buildings	10,000 x 6 =	60,000
Furniture	1,500 x 6 =	9,000
Prevocational equipment	300 x 6 =	1,800
Science apparatus	300 x 6 =	1,800
		72,600

If the building are not provided immediately for Lower Elementary Schools, the rented buildings will have to be occupied

(True copy)

For Director of Public Instruction

ARR.B.3.

CN. 4506/57.

EDUCATION--Development of Malnad area of S.Kanara Dt.--Recommendations of the Forest Grievances ~~Committee~~ Enquiry Committee--Opening of new elementary schools and conversion of lower elementary schools into higher elementary schools Orders passed.

Report of the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee S.Kanara Dt. dated 14-10-1950.

From the Director of Public Instruction, No. 2432 B1/50 dated 17-11-1950

From the Director of Public Instruction, No. 1686 B1/52 dated 3-3-1953

From the Director of Public Instruction, No. 1686 B1/52 dated 15-4-1953.

ORDER (MS) NO. 1449 EDN. DATED 16-10-53

The Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee, S.Kanara Dt. (Constituted by the Govt. in April 1950) inter alia recommended that a five year plan might be adopted under which schools might be started in 20 villages at least each year in S.Kanara Dt and that the Ely. Edn. Rules should be amended so that these schools might be exempted from the requirements of minimum attendance and standards. The Govt. have examined these recommendations in consultation with the D.P.I. In view of the financial stringency (to begin with it would be) They consider sufficient to open ~~only~~ 4 new elementary schools in the Malnad area of S.Kanara Dt., ~~to begin with,~~ and to convert 3 lower elementary schools into higher elementary schools and to exempt these schools from the rules regarding the minimum attendance and standards for a period of 3 years. The Govt. accordingly sanction the opening in the current year of 4 (four) new elementary schools in the Malnad area of S.Kanara Dt. by the Dt. Board. They also sanction the conversion of 3 (three) lower elementary schools into higher elementary schools. These schools will be exempted from the efficiency tests regarding the minimum attendance and standards for a period of three years from the opening/conversion of the schools.

2. The Dt. Board, S.Kanara will be given a subsidy not exceeding Rs.2,400/- recurring and Rs.4,600/- non-recurring towards the maintenance of four new schools and Rs.6,800/- recurring towards the maintenance of three converted schools.

3. The expenditure will be debitted to the head " 37 Education--Primary--1.Grants to Local Bodies for

for primary educatiom--A.Local Bodies--I.Ordinary Areas--
(i) Excluding Post-War Reconstruction--3 Grants for Backward
Districts for the expansion of Dt. Board Ely. Schools."

4. The D.P.I. is requested to provide the necessary funds in the R.E. for 1953-54 of the residuary State of Madras for the second half of the year.

P474

1 on P474

To
The D.P.I.
The A.G.(thro' Fin)
The A.G.(direc by name).
The P.D.B., S.Kanara Dt.
Copy to Dev. D
S/Cs.

Post Copy of the Telephonic MessageNo.1686 B1/52 Dated 15-4-53.

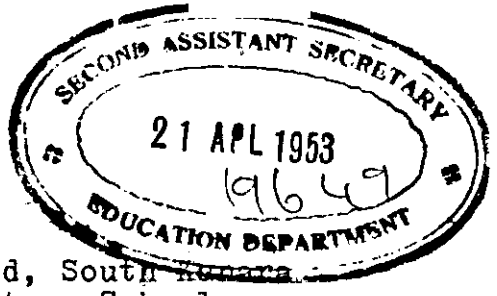
....

From

The.Director of Public Instruction,
Madras.

To

The Secretary to Government,
Education Department, Madras.



....

Sub: ELEMENTARY EDUCATION--District Board, South ~~Kanara~~ Malnad Area-Opening of Lower Elementary Schools and conversion of Lower Elementary Schools into Higher Elementary Schools.

Ref: Your Telephonic Message dated 14-4-53. P 19-7-

....

Your presumption, that no expenditure has been incurred during 1953-54 on the above scheme is correct.

2. The amount required for the scheme will be provided in the Revised Estimate for 1953-54.

3. I request early orders of Government so that the President, District Board may be requested to open the school from beginning of the school year 1953-54.

MS.17.4 12/4/53

FOR DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,

Education

The Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee, South Kanara, has made the following recommendations:-

Elementary education:

(1) The Govt. should subsidise the Panchayats for starting xx of schools;

(2) The Elementary Education Rules should be amended so that the average attendance of 15 per month may be considered sufficient for the purpose of satisfying the efficiency tests for Malnad schools;

(3) The scales of pay for services in both the Panchayat and District Boards may be the same and grants to Panchayat Boards should be enhanced suitably. A special allowance of Rs.15/- per month should be paid to the teachers in Malnad schools.

(4) It is absolutely necessary to constitute a general authority for recruitment which should also be invested with the powers for transfers and punishments It is better to vest this authority in the Educational Dept. which should be held solely responsible for the opening and maintenance of Panchayat schools in close co-operation with the D.P.O. and the village panchayats.

(5) It is better that the Govt. itself should open and run all the schools in Malnad and meet the entire cost as in the case of Labour and Fishermen's schools.

(6) A five year plan may be adopted under which schools may be started in 20 villages at least each year. In the first two years schools may be opened in centres where the public give a free building and equipment.

Secondary Education;

(7) A High School may be opened in one of the 3 centres in Puttur Taluk which will be decided by the Committee appointed by it and 2 more schools, one at Shankernarayana and the other at Hebri. Govt. may give full grants to the District Board for opening schools in these

areas provided the people interested come forward with thei contributions by way of initial equipment and building as has been done in other instances in the District.

Training Schools:

(8) One more Training School preferably in Karkal Taluk may be opened so as to afford training for teachers coming from Malnad country and to assure an adequate supply of teachers for all the schools now existing and to be opened hereafter.

Adult Education:

(9) Vigorous steps may be taken to train as many teachers as possible of the Malnad area in the proposed training school for adult school teachers at Karkal.

Libraries:

(10) The provision of libraries on a fair scale may receive that amount of attention and interest which it deserves at the hands of the newly ~~xxxxxxxx~~ constituted Library Authority of the District.

Office Note

Recommendations 1 to 10:

For orders whether all the recommendations of the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee on ~~pp~~ 1-2 above may be ~~accepted and~~ included in the Immediate Plan for the development of Malnad areas in this State.

After orders are passed the file may be sent to Education and Fin. Dept. for remarks.

13/MS/13/11

13/11/58

I don't think this can be included in the immediate plans: it can go into the mid-term & long term plans.

Dev 14/11

Edn / Fin. Dev 14.11.58

Edn (CJ)

✓ notes of Dev above may be perused.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY EDUCATION DEPARTMENT 14 NOV 58

The recommendations made by the Forest Grievances Committee relating to Education have already been remitted to the D.P.I for remarks by the Edn. dept with instructions to send a copy of his reply through this dept. The Director's reply has not yet been received: He was reminded yesterday. The action that can be taken on the recommendations can be decided only after the Director's remarks become available.

With these remarks the file may be passed on to the Finance dept.

15/11/50

15/11/50 Secretary

15/11

Edn U.O. 35870-G/50-1

15.11.50.

Fin (Exp.A)

Please see the notes on pages 1-3 above.

Pending the receipt of the D.P.I's remarks on the recommendations made by the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee, S. Kanara and their examination by Edn, no special remarks are called for in Finance on the proposals.

15.11.50

16.11.50

16.11.50

Fin UO No 94564 EA/50-1

16/11/50

115611

The notes of Edn. dept and Fin. dept above may be perused. Attention is invited to A above. The remarks of the Edn. dept in the file may be examined full power.

16/11/50.

Dev. (P & D I) Dept.

To A.S.

The recommendations of the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee, South Kanara, so far as it relates to Education were examined with a view to include in the Immediate Plans. It was ordered that the recommendations may be included in the mid-term and long-term plans. Education and Finance Depts. have no remarks to offer without the D.P.I's remarks on the recommendations of the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee. The Director has now submitted his remarks ~~and it is~~ which are at pp.37-41 c.f.

The Director has made the following suggestions:

Elementary Education:

(1) Agency to open schools:- The District Board may be paid subsidy for opening schools at the rate of 20 schools per year in view of the fact that Malnad is in an unhealthy locality.

The cost for opening 20 schools will be Rs.16,200 recurring and 23,000 non-recurring.

He has also suggested that Panchayat Boards and Aided Agencies who come forward to open schools may be paid the same amount as teaching and equipment grant. The Forest Department may also open schools in some of the Centres.

Enrolment: The schools may be exempted from satisfying the conditions as efficiency tests Nos. I and The schools may be recognised as complete schools and higher standards may be opened by year by year. To start with the D.P.I. has recommended that the schools may start with ~~xx~~ standards ~~I and 3.~~ to III.

Working Hours: The schools may be permitted to work for 3½ hours in one session either in forenoon or afternoon so that the pupils may help their parents in their occupation if necessary. This will solve the problem of mid-day meals also.

Higher Elementary Schools: The Six Lower Elementary Schools in the Puttur, Karkal, Coondapoor and Kasaragod Taluks may be raised to the status of Higher Elementary

Schools, if there are no Higher Elementary Schools close by and if there is every likelihood of the ~~by and~~ Higher Elementary Standards securing the requisite strength.

Secondary Education: For the reasons stated at X on p.41 c.1 the D.P.I. considers that the opening of the secondary schools may be considered after watching the effect and progress of the proposed raising of the six lower elementary schools in the Puttur, Karkal, Coondapoor and Kasaragod Taluks into Higher Elementary Schools ~~may be watched~~ after the proposal materialises.

Adult Education: The D.P.I. has stated that, as far as opening of adult schools are concerned, ~~that~~ the Presidents of District Boards of Malabar and South Kanara will be persuaded to give a further fillip in this direction. Regarding the opening of a Govt. Training School for adult school teachers, the D.P.I. has stated that the needs of this area will be borne in mind before the training centre is fixed in Kannada and Malayalam areas.

Libraries: He has stated that the D.E.Os of South Kanara and Central Malabar will be requested to take special interests in spreading library service in Malnad Development ~~service~~ scheme.

In the circumstances it is for consideration whether the suggestions made by the D.P.I. under elementary and higher elementary education may be included in the Immediate Plan or whether all the suggestions may be considered in drawing up mid-term and long-term plans as already ordered at 'A' on p.2 above.

was not to be done. SM 22/11/50

SM 21-11-50

22/11/50

SM 22/11/50 I shall discuss the matter with the members of the Board

22.11.50

D. 48.

'A' above. This question was discussed by Secy at the Central Malnad Planning Committee at Bangalore which met

draw up immediate plans for the development of Malwa and the following provision has been made under Education in the Interim report of the Central Malwa Planning Committee from the Govt of India

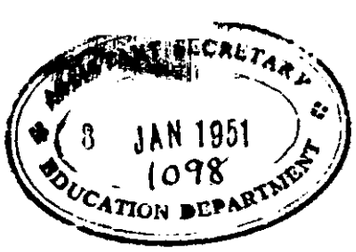
20 schools (Primary) at a cost of Rs 16,000 recurring and Rs 23,000 non recurring

Basic school in Sukha Tarka

40 community wireless sets.

The Interim report of the Central Malwa Planning Committee as approved by the Govt of India has not been received and its receipt may be awaited.

The Edn dept. has been requested to separately let us have their remarks on the ~~suggestions~~ of the D.P.I. in his letter No 37 dt 4.1.51 with a view to examine the recommendations of the Tribal Grievances Enquiry Committee, Simla. Meanwhile the remarks of the Edn. dept may be awaited till 15.1.51 or the receipt of the file from the Edn dept whichever is earlier.



30/1/51 This file may also be sent to Edn for their remarks in the first instance.

Dev M.O No 114232 PSD/50-4
8.1.51

5-1-51. S. 6/1/Edn

Edn. Deptt.,
(C)

Please see the note of Development on ff 5-7

P.T.O

above. The remarks of the D.P.I. on the recommendations of the central Malnad Planning committee are at pp 37-41 cf.

The suggestions made by the D.P.I. under Elementary and higher elementary education and secondary education may be agreed to in this department. The question of including the scheme in the Immediate plan may be awaited till the interim report of the central Malnad Planning committee is approved by the Govt. of India.

As regards Adult Education and libraries no further action is called for by Government. The D.P.I. may be requested to adopt the suggestion made by him in this regard

Finance and Dev may see.

Thro. S[illegible]
B-24/1
S
SO
24/1

Fin
21/1/51
28/1/57.

Secondary Educn:- The Suggestion of the DPI at 1' on p 41 of the L.F may be accepted.

That is, the necessity for the opening of Secondary Schools in Malnad may be considered after watching the effects of higher elementary education in the area.

27/1/57 AS II
27.1.57
29/1
29/1
Fin
Dev
Dev
27.1.57
22.1.51
29/1

Edn. U.O. no.
1098 C/51-1
29/1/51 for the L.F

Fin. (Exp. A)

(Previous Finance note on page 3 above).

The suggestions of the D.P.I on the recommendation of the Forest Grievances Enquiree Committee (South Kanara examine) are found in the typed notes of Development on pages 5-6 above. Devt. have stated that a provision for (the opening of) 20 schools

ADDITIONAL DEPUTY SECRETARY
30 JAN 1951
4793
FINANCE DEPARTMENT

[illegible]

(primary) (at a cost of Rs. 16,200 recurring and Rs. 23,000 non-recurring) and 1 basic school in Sullia Firka and installing 40 community wireless sets have been made under 'Education' in the interim report of the Central Malnad Planning Committee forwarded to the Govt. of India and their approval is awaited . Education have agreed to the various suggestions made by the D.P.I. They have, however, stated that the question of including the scheme in the immediate plan may be awaited till the interim report of the Central Malnad Planning Committee is approved by the Govt. of India

2. The D.P.I has not indicated in his report the extra cost to Govt., ~~by way of subsidy~~, on the ~~opening of the primary schools and the cost on the~~ conversion of the six lower Elementary Schools into Higher Elementary ones. There is also no information about the extent of financial assistance that will be forthcoming from the Centre consequent on the acceptance of the proposals by the Central Malnad Planning Committee. It is presumed that the full financial implications involved in the proposals, viz., the cost to be apportioned between the Govt. of India and the State Govt. will be determined only after the interim report is approved by the Govt. of India. Education will, no doubt, examine the propoals in detail later, after Govt. of India's approval is received. The question as to what extent the recommendations have to be implemented and what financial procedure should be followed for the purpose will ~~have to be examined then~~ in due course be considered by Devt. in consultation with Finance and this Dept. ~~Subject to~~ Vide ~~the above~~ these remarks, the case may be passed on to Devt.

Rough E III 7/2/51

Fin (Dev) No 7793 CA/57-1

S/Rs 6/2/51 6.2.51

8.2.57

9.2.51

Dev

THIRD ASST. SECRETARY TO GOVT. (with LP) 12 FEB 1951 DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

16896
12.2.51

Dev. (P&D I) Dept.

To A.S.

(Previous notes need not be read)

The Karnataka Malnad Devt. Society, South Kanara represented to the Govt. of India that the Malnad area had been neglected and that there was vast scope for the development of the area. India examined the question in consultation with the States of Bombay, Coorg, Mysore and Madras concerned with the Malnad areas and the Conference held in July 1949 recommended the constitution of

1. a Central Malnad Devt. Board on a ministerial level and
2. a Central Malnad Planning Committee.

India accepted the decisions of the Conference but did not implemant them immediately. This Govt. considered that some urgent steps should be taken for the Malnad area in this State and constituted the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee, South Kanara. This Committee submitted its report regarding the South Kanara Malnad area. In the meantime theCentral Malnad Planning Committee was constituted and the Secretary to Govt. Development Dept. was appointed a member to represent this State. The Central Malnad Planning Committee agreed that certain areas in Malabar and South Kanara Dts. and Gudalur Taluk in the Nilgiris Dt. may be included in Malnad regions in this State and called for "Immediate" Plans which can be implemented immediately. The recommendations of the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee, South Kanara and the remarks of the Heads of Depts. concerned are set out below. This file deals with the proposals so far as they relate to Education. The recommendations of the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee, ~~are:~~ & the remarks of the D.P.I are summarised below

(1) Agency to open schools:- The District Board may be paid subsidy for opening schools at the rate of 20 schools per year in view of the fact that Malnad is an unhealthy locality.

The cost for opening 20 schools will be Rs.16,200 recurring and 23,000 non-recurring.

The Panchayat Boards and Aided Agencies who come forward to open schools may be paid the same amounts as teaching and equipment grant. The Forest Dept. may also open schools in some of the Centres.

(2) Enrolment: The schools may be exempted from satisfying the conditions on efficiency tests Nos. I and II The schools may be recognised as complete schools and higher standards may be opened year by year. To start with the D.P.I. has recommended that the schools may start with standards I to III.

(3) Working hours: The schools may be permitted to work for 3½ hours in one session either in forenoon or afternoon so that the pupils may help their parents in their occupatio if necessary. This will solve the problem of mid-day meals also.

(4) Higher Elementary Schools:- The Six Lower Elementary Schools in the Puttur, Karkal, Coondapur and Kasaragod Taluk may be raised to the status of Higher Elementary Schools, if there are no Higher Elementary Schools close by and if the is every likelihood of the Higher Elementary Standards securing the requisite strength.

(5) Secondary Education:- For the reasons stated at X on p.41 c.f. the D.P.I. considers that the opening of the secondary schools may be considered after watching the effec and progress of the proposed raising of the six lower elementary schools in the Puttur, Karkal, Coondapur and Kasaragod Taluks into Higher Elementary Schools after the proposal materialises.

(6) Adult Education:- The D.P.I. has stated that as far as opening of adult schools are concerned, the Presidents of District Boards of Malabar and South Kanara will be persuaded to give a further fillip in this direction. Regarding the opening of a Govt. Training School for adult school teachers, the D.P.I. has stated that the needs of this area will be borne in mind before the training centre is fixed in Kannada and Malayalam areas.

(7) Libraries:- He has stated that the D.E.Os of South Kanara and Central Malabar will be requested to take special interest in spreading library service in Malnad Development Scheme.

The suggestions of the D.P.I. are as below:-

1. Agency to open Schools:- District Board may be paid subsidy at the rate of 20 schools per year in view of the fact that Malnad is in a unhealthy locality;

2. Cost:
Recurring: [illegible] x 20 schools - Rs.16,200
Non-recurring Equipment 1150 x 20 schools Rs.23,000
Aided agencies or panchayats be paid the same amoun

Forest Dept. may also open schools.

3. Enrolment: Minimum average attendance and standard: I to III thus relaxing the efficiency tests I and II for recognition for the first three years;

4. Working hours: The schools may work for 3½ hours in one session.

5. Higher Elementary Schools:- 6 Elementary schools in Puttur, Karkal, Coondapur, and Kasaragod Taluks may be raised to Higher Elementary schools if there are no such schools nearby.

Malabar Malnad: Under similar conditions schools may be opened in Malabar Dt.

Secondary Education:- The real necessity for secondary schools as suggested by the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee has to be explored and will depend on the decisio

of the Govt. to grant subsidies. The effect and progress of 6 schools opened may be watched and the proposals considered.

Adult Education:- Educational Officers in South Kanara and Malabar have been instructed to give priority in opening of more Adult Schools. The Presidents Malabar and South Kanara Districts will be perusaded to give a further fillip in this direction.

Training schools:- As a number of factors have to be taken into account before a venue is fixed; the needs of Karkal will also be borne in mind before the training centre is fixed up in the Kannada and Malayalam areas.

Libraries:- The Dt. Educational Officers, South and Kanara and Central Malabar, who are ex-officio Secretaries of Local Library Authorities under the Madras Public Libraries Act 1948 will be asked to take special interest in spreading library service in the Malnad areas.

The Member for Madras in consultation with Depts.of the Sectt. considered that the Immediate Plan may relate only to Elementary Education, reserving the other suggestions to the Medium and Long Term Plans. It was also made clear that these plans did not commit his Govt.

The Central Malnad Planning Committee has made provision for 20 primary schools at a cost of Rs.16,200 recurring and Rs.23,000 non-recurring in its Interim report submitted to India and has stated that each member will submit the plan to his Govt. The decision of the Govt. of India on the Interim Report have not been received. In this connection the letter from the Govt. of India now received may be perused.

It was suggested that it was not necessary to hitch one report which was available to another which may not be available for an indefinite period and that the proposals of the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee may be put up for orders. It was ordered in circulation that the report of the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee may be examined and Secretary ordered that orders in circulation may be taken after waiting for some time for the decision of India on the Interim Report and that examination may proceed. Education Dept. while accepting the proposals have stated that the question of including them in immediate plans may lie over till orders of India are received. Fin have agreed with Edn. Dept

The Member for Madras State has clearly pointed out to the Central Malnad Planning Com ittee that while Govt. of India have

stated that Immediate and Short Term Plans will have to be taken up straightaway by ~~xxix~~ the Govts. concerned it has not given any indication of the extent to which Central assistance will be forthcoming for the development of the Malnad area. Also that consequent on the stoppage of Central development grants to the States the existing development schemes have had to be examined with a view to curtail the expenditure on them and that unless the Central Govt. come forward offering substantial financial assistance, much progress cannot be expected of the Schemes to be taken up for development of the Malnad areas.

The Central Malnad Planning Committee has reported that "the Country depends on the Malnad tract to maintain the international standard of forest area and derives a large income from forest produce. The rich irrigated areas depend as much on the conservation of forests in Malnad as on other climatic factors. The nation which derives benefits from the Malnad owes a special duty to the people of that area." Again "The fertile soil, the vast extent of current fallows and cultivable waste, the assured rainfall for three and a half months, requiring subsidiary irrigation for only two months more, render the Malnad ideally suited for the intensive cultivation programme for paddy. This is the main objective of the immediate plan." It has also stated "the development of the Malnad is the joint responsibility of the Centre and the States concerned. We recommend that the amount required under "Asset creating" x x x be advanced by the Central Govt. to the States as loans; and that the "Recoverable Advances" be similarly advanced at a nominal rate of interes in order that the cultivators may secure the advances at concessional rates from the State Govt.; that expenditure on "Subsidies and services" be shared between the Centre and the States" Thus it will be seen that the expenditure under Education falls under "Subsidies nd Services" liable to be shared, as recommended by the Central Malnad Planning Committee. The share to Madras State proposed in the

the Interim reports for education is Rs.16,200 recurring and Rs.23,000 Non-recurring for 20 Elementary Schools. The suggestions of the ~~Madras States~~ Kasaro State, Member to the Central Malnad Planning Committee, though based on the report of the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee, South Kanara, are in general terms are equally applicable to the other portions of the Malnad area in this State namely Malabar, and Gudalur Taluk. Thus if another set of 20 schools are started in these two areas the expenditure will be ~~another~~ similar ~~sum both~~ under Recurring and Non-recurring, the total expenditure being shared. As these plans are to be implemented immediately necessary action ~~would~~ will have to be taken at the beginning of the next financial year, after the decision of India is ~~reached and~~ communicated. Now that the Govt. of India have called for the schemes ~~formulated~~ with this State's comments on the recommendation in the interim report

It is for orders:

1. Whether the case may be circulated for orders now, and if so;

2. Whether this Dept. will adopt the plans suggested by the Member for Madras State so far as Elementary Education is concerned;

3. Whether the 20 Elementary Schools to be opened will be confined to South Kanara Malnad and a similar number opened in Malabar and Gudalur, or

   Whether the ~~number~~ 20 schools will be distributed between the three areas of South Kanara, Malabar and Gudalur.

This may be adopted. SG 17/1/57

This could be placed for the Minister's information.

After orders, the case may be sent to Education and Finance Depts. for remarks, who may be asked to treat the case as special.

MG 16/1/57

SG 17/1/57

A on page deserves to be carefully noted. The views which fired the rest of this province rise in the West, and are dependent on the condition of Malnad. There are good reasons not ordinary ones

... no do to proposals in this area. Education and Finance are requested to view the proposals accordingly

Edn

Fin

Dev. U.O. No. 114 [illegible]/150-6

Edn. Deptt.

(c)

(with 2 connected files)

Please see the notes of finance and Dev. Deptts. on pp 8-15 above.

Item (2) on page 14 ante :— This may be adopted.

Item (3) on page 14 ante :— The 20 schools may be distributed between the three areas of S. Kanara, Malabar and Gudalur.

This deptt. may suggest that the file may be circulated to H.M. (E&L) with these remarks, the file may be passed on to finance U.O.

20/2/51

20/2/57

21/2/57

Edn. U.O. No 6757 c/51-1

21/2/57

with LF

21/2

Finance (Exp.A) Deptt

(Previous Fin. note on pp. 8-9 above).

The summarising notes of Devt. from p. 10 above may be perused.

It has been previously agreed to by Fin. and Edn. that the orders of the Govt. of India on the interim report of the Central Malnad Planning Committee may be awaited before the ~~question of including the~~ schemes under 'Education' in the Malnad area are included in the immediate plan. The Govt. of India have not

pp 8 & 9 above

approved the Interim Report. They have however forwarded copies of the Report to State Govts. and have called for individual schemes from the State Govts. Devt. accordingly propose to forward to the Government of India the plans suggested by the member for Madras State so far as elementary education is concerned. This plan is as follows:-

Elementary Education

1) Agency to open schools:- The District Board may be paid subsidy for opening schools at the rate of 20 per year in view of the fact that Malnad is in an unhealthy locality

The cost of opening 20 schools will be Rs 16200 recurring and Rs 23,000 non-recurring.

The Panchayat Boards and private Agencies that come forward to open schools may be paid the same amount as teaching and equipment grant.. The Forest Deptt. may also open schools in some of the Centres.

(2) Enrolment:- The Schools may be exempted from satisfying the conditions of efficiency tests Nos. I and II, The Schools may be recognised as complete schools and higher standards may be opened every year. To start with, the schools may start with Standards I to III.

(3) Working hours: The schools may work for 3½ hours in one session either in the forenoon or afternoon, so that the pupils may be available to assist if necessary their parents in their occupation. This will also avoid the problem of mid-day meals.

(4) Higher Elementary Schools: The Six Lower Elementa schools in the Puttur, Karkal, Coondapoor and Kasaragod Taluks may be raised to the status of Higher Elementary schools, if there are no Higher Elementary schools close by and if there is every likelihood of the Higher Elementary Standards securing the requisite strength.

Development propose to take orders in circulation on the points on p.14 above. The following remarks are called for:

Dept. have not stated whether the conversion of 6 elementary (4) above

schools to Higher Elementary schools will be included in the immediate plan to proceed with, along with the starting of 20 new elelmentary schools. If it is the intention, it is necessary to know what the cost of the upgrading will be. Atleast a rough estimate of the cost will have to be worked out before orders are obtained in circulation and the plan is forwarded to Govt. of India.

Financial assistance from the Govt. of India: It is stated that the Member of Madras State has clearly pointed out to the Central Malnad Planning Committee that while Govt. of India have stated that immediate and Short Term Plans will have to be taken up strightaway by the Govts. concerned, it has not given any indication of the extent to which Central assistance will be forthcoming for the development of the Malnad area. Also that consequent on the stoppage of Central development grants to the States the existing development schemes have had to be examined with a view to curtail the expenditure on them and that unless the Central Govt. come forward offering substantial financial assistance, much progress cannot be expected of the schemes to be taken up for development of the Malnad areas. It is also stated that the Central Malnad Planning Committee has recommended the following allocation of the cost of the plan for the implementation of which the Centre and the State Concerned is jointly responsible:

"We recommend that the amount required under 'Asset Creating' xxxxx be advanced by the Central Govt. to the States as loans; and that the 'Recoverable Advances' be similarly advanced at a nominal rate of interest in order that the cultivators may secure the advances at concessional rates from the State Govts; that expenditure on 'Subsidies and services' be shared between the Centre and the States".

The Member has also made it clear that these plans did not commit this Govt. personally until they are examined and the financial implications are settled beforehand.

In the above circumstances, this Deptt. may suggest

that while forwarding the scheme to the Govt. of India they may be told that the allocation of expenditure on the schemes to be included in the plan should be settled in consultation with this Govt. before the plan is proceeded with and that till then the plan will not commit the Govt. to any expenditure.

Devt. may be requested to circulate the case to H.M.(Fin) also.

22.2.51

22.2.51

22.2.51

Dev. (P&D I) Dept. Fin(Gen)No.14522 EA/51-1 23/2/51. (with L.F)

To A.S.

(Previous notes need not be read).

The Govt. of India have now forwarded the Interim Report for remarks of this Govt. and have also asked for schemes on the lines indicated in this report. The recommendations of the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee regarding Education for South Kanara Malnad areas may be applied to the rest of the similar areas in Malabar and Gudalur Taluk and these are dealt with below. After a decision is reached on these, the final conclusions may be forwarded to India. The proposals are:

(1) Agency to open schools:- The District Board may be paid subsidy for opening schools at the rate of 20 schools per year in view of the fact that Malnad is an unhealthy locality.

The cost for opening 20 schools will be Rs.16,200 recurring and Rs.23,000 non-recurring.

The Panchayat Boards and Aided Agencies who come forward to open schools may be paid the same amounts as teaching and equipment grant. The Forest Dept. may also open schools in some of the Centres.

(2) Enrolment:- The schools may be exempted from satisfying the conditions on efficiency tests Nos.I and II. The schools may be recognised as complete schools and higher standards may be opened year by year. To start with the D.P.I. has recommended that the schools may start with standards I to III.

(3) Working hours: The schools may be permitted to work for 3½ hours in one session either in forenoon or afternoon so that the pupils may help their parents in their occupation if necessary. This will solve the problem of mid-day meals also.

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(4) Higher Elementary Schools:- The Six Lower Elementary Schools in the Puttur, Karkal, Coondapoor and Kasaragod Taluks may be raised to the status of Higher Elementary Schools, if there are no Higher Elementary Schools close by and if there is every likelihood of the Higher Elementary Standards securing the requisite strength.

(5) Secondary Education:- For the reasons stated at X on p.41 c.f. the D.P.I. considers that the opening of the secondary schools may be considered after watching the effect and progress of the proposed raising of the six lower elementary schools inthe Puttur, Karkal, Coondapoor and Kasaragod Taluks into Higher Elementary Schools after the proposal materialises.

(6) Adult Education:- The D.P.I. has stated that ~~so~~ far as opening of adult schools are concerned, the Presidents of District Boards of Malabar and South Kanara will be persuaded to give a further fillip in this direction. Regarding the opening of a Govt. Training School for adult school teachers, the D.P.I. has stated that the needs of this area will be borne in mind before the training centre is fixed in Kannada and Malayalam areas.

(7) Libraries:- He has stated that the D.E.Os of South Kanara and Central Malabar will be requested to take ~~special~~ interest in spreading library service in Malnad Development Scheme.

The Member for Madras inconsultation with the Depts. concerned considered that Immediate Plan may relate only to Elementary Education, reserving the other suggestions to the Medium and Long Term Plans. The central malnad planning comm ~~It~~ has stated "the development of the Malnad is the joint responsibility of the Centre and the States concerned. We recommend that the amount required under "Asset creating" xxxx be advanced by the Central Govt. to the States as loans; and that the "Recoverable Advances" be similarly advanced at a nominal rate of interest in order that the cultivators may secure the advances at concessional rates from the State Governments; that expenditure on "Subsidies and Services" be shared between the Centre and the States". Thus it will be seen that the expenditure under Education falls under "Subsidies and Services" liable to be shared as recommended by the Central Malnad Planning Committee. The "share to Madras State" proposed in the Interim Report for Education is Rs.16,200 recurring and Rs.23,000 non-recurring for 20 Elementary Schools. Attention is invited to the Govt. of India letter at p.43 c.f. in L.F. This Dept. has proposed that

(1) the plans suggested by the Member for Madras State so far as Elementary Education is concerned may be forwarded to the Govt. of India; and

(2) that the 20 Elementary Schools to be opened will be distributed between the three areas in South Kanara, Malabar and Gudalur Taluk in Nilgiris Dt.

Education Dept. have agreed to this Dept.'s proposal. Fin. Dept. too have agreed to this Dept.'s proposal and have stated that, while forwarding the scheme to the Govt. of India, they may be told that the allocation of expenditure on the schemes to be included in the plan should be settled in consultation with this Govt. before the plan is proceeded with and, that till then the Plan will not commit this Govt. to any expenditure. Education Dept. has asked that the file be circulated to H.M. (E.& L.) and Fin. Dept. to H.M. (Fin.) also.

A

In the circumstances the file may be circulated for orders whether

(1) the plans suggested by the Member for Madras State so far as Elementary Education is concerned may be forwarded to Govt. of India;

(2) the 20 Elementary schools will be distributed between the three areas in South Kanara, Malabar and Gudalur Taluk as proposed by this Dept. and agreed to by Education and Fin. Depts.;and

(3) the Govt. of India may be told as at 'A' above as suggested by Finance Department.

SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT
15 MAR 1951
DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

Extracts of notes from the file bearing C.No.113202 P & D I/50.

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xx xxx xxx

In April 1950 this Govt. constituted a Committee called the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee, South Kanara to investigate the problems relating to the Malnad area in South Kanara Dt. and to suggest necessary measures required to solve them. The Committee submitted its report in October 1950. By then the Govt. of India also constituted the Central Malnad Planning Committee including the previous Secy., Development Department as a Member for drawing up immediate and medium and long term plans for the development of Malnad areas in the States of Madras, Bombay, Coorg and Mysore. The ~~xxxxx~~ relevant portions of the report of the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee were sent to the Heads of Depts. concerned for remarks in connection with the preparation of an Immediate Plan for the development of Malnad areas in this State by the previous Secy., Dev. Dept. as a member of the Central Malnad Planning Committee. The suggestions of the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee were also taken into account in preparing the Immediate Plan. The Central Malnad Planning Committee considered this plan along with the other plans of Mysore, Bombay and Coorg and prepared an Interim Report for the development of entire Malnad area in the States of Madras, Bombay, Mysore and Coorg and forwarded it to Govt. of India in December 1950. It was also ordered that the examination of the recommendations of the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee might be proceeded with. Accordingly the recommendations of the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee were examined in detail subjectwar in consultation with the Heads of Depts. and Depts. of Secretariat. But in February this year the Govt. of India forwarded the Interim Report of the Central Malnad Planning Committee for the remarks of this Govt. and asked for schemes for the development of Malnad areas in this State on the lines indicated in that report. Accordingly all the schemes to be included in the Immediate Plan of this State Govt., based on the recommendations of the Forest Grievances

Enquiry Committee and the Interim Report of the Central Malnad Planning Committee were being finalised to be sent to India. But Fin. Secy. suggested, [illegible] schemes under 'Public Health', that the implementation of the various schemes would involve a good deal of money and that no useful purpose would be served in examining the Interim Report of the Central Malnad Planning Committee in detail without ascertaining from India whether India would bear their share of expenditure. This view was accepted and India were informed that this Government would not be able to take up the development of the Malnad xx tract unless the financial assistance recommended by the Central Malnad Planning Committee in the Interim Report is forthcoming from the Govt. of India. The Interim Report of the Central Malnad Planning Committee had been examined by the Govt. of India with special reference to its financial implications. In view of the heavy expenditure involved and also in view of the inability of the Central Govt. to assist the State Govts. in the implementation of the schemes recommended by the Committee, the Govt. of India decided that the Central Malnad Planning Committee need not proceed further with this work and that the Committee should accordingly be wound up with immediate effect. In these circumstances this Dept. proposed that the Govt. of India's letter on p.27 1945-46 c.f. might be taken as a final reply to this Govt.'s letter at p.21 c.f. and the preparation of the Immediate Plans for the Malnad areas of this State by this Govt. stopped. Finance Dept. have not offered [illegible] specifically on this proposal. But, in view of their views expressed on pp.54-55 above, it may be taken that they agree to the proposal of this Dept.

The Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee, South Kanara was constituted by this Govt. - Please see minutes of H.M. (Agri.) and H.C.M. extracted on pp.1-2 n.f. G.O. Ms.No.1420 Devt. dated 10-4-1950. This Govt. also informed

(p.t.o)

Govt. of India previously that as this Govt. had appointed a Committee of their own, the proposals for the development of Malnad areas, as formulated at the Malnad Conference held at New Delhi, might not be necessary. The Govt. of India however constituted the Central Malnad Planning Committee with the previous Devt. Secy., as member. The Committee has now been wound up as stated at 'A' above. This Dept. therefore proposed that the recommendations of the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee, South Kanara might be examined in detail keeping in view the Interim Report of the Central Malnad Planning Committee also, though the cost of the schemes to be implemented with reference to the suggestions of this Committee would have to be met entirely by this Govt. Fin. Dept. however consider that, in view of the present ways and means position, no new commitments can be undertaken. They have therefore advised that no useful purpose will be served in examining the recommendations of the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee in detail at present. In these circumstances it is for orders

(1) whether the preparation of the Immediate Plans for the Malnad areas of this State by this Govt. with reference to the Interim Report prepared by the Central Malnad Planning Committee be stopped; and

(2) whether the recommendations of the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee, South Kanara constituted by this Govt. may be examined in detail keeping in view the Interim Report of the Central Malnad Planning Committee also as proposed by this Dept.

or

whether the examination of the recommendations of the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee, South Kanara may be deferred as advised by Fin. Dept.

P.A.
25/7/51 S

It will affect the reputation of Govt., in respect of its earnestness to planning, if the report of their own committee

(p.t.o)

is ~~included~~ relved in addition to the report of the Committee appointed by Govt. of India. We may therefore examine the report of the Forest Grievances Committee and implement it to the extent finances permit. The Malnad area has great potentialities but has been neglected. Anything done there will add to the food resources.

J.M.L.P.
26/7

H.M. (L.R) - H.S.R.
27/7

H.M. (Agri.) - 'Yes, let this be done early.'
A.B.S.
28/7

A/

H.M.(H) - 'In view of the financial stringency of our State it would be a more waste of time and endeavour on the part of the Govt. to examine the recommendations of the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee in detail at present. It is doubtful any such scheme could be undertaken without finance. I therefore feel that the examination of the recommendations of the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committe should be deferred.'

T.S.R.R.
30/7/51

'E'

H.M.(Fin.) - 'May be examined, bearing in mind that no big expenditure could be incurred now'.

B.G.R.
1/8

H.C.M. - P.S.K.R.
2/8

To A.S.

The file may now be circulated to H.M.(H) for perusal of the minutes of H.M.(Fin.) and H.C.M. at 'B' above.

P.A.
4/8/51 S

J.M.L.P.
4/8

H.M.(H) - T.S.S.R.
8/8/51

(True extracts).

Dev. (P&D I) Dept.

To A.S.

The notes extracted on pp.21-24 above and the orders in circulation at 'B' on p.24 above may be perused. The Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee, South Kanara has made the following recommendations under the Head "Educatio

Elementary education:-

(1) The Govt. should subsidise the Panchayats for the starting of schools;

(2) The Elementary Education Rules should be amended so that the average attendance of 15 per month may be consi- dered sufficient for the purpose of satisfying the efficien tests for Malnad schools;

(3) The scales of pay for services in both the Panchayat and District Boards may be the same and grants to Panchayat Boards should be enhanced suitably. A special allowance of Rs.15/- per month should be paid to the teachers in Malnad schools.

(4) It is absolutely necessary to constitute a general authority for recruitment which should also be invested with the powers for transfers and punishments. It is better to vest this authority in the Educational Dept. which should be held solely responsible for the opening and maintenance of Panchayat Schools in close co-operation with the D.P.O. and the village Panchayats.

(5) It is better that the Govt. itself should open and run all the schools in Malnad and meet the entire cost as in the case of Labour and Fishermen's schools.

(6) A five year plan may be adopted under which schools may be started in 20 villages at least each year. In the firs two years schools may be opened in centres where the public give a free building and equipment.

Secondary Education:

(7) A High School may be opened in one of the 3 centres in Puttur Taluk which will be decided by the Committee appointed by it and 2 more schools, one at Shankernaraina and the other at Hebri. Govt. may give full grants to the District

Board for opening schools in these areas provided the people interested come forward with their contributions by way of initial equipment and building as has been done in other instances in the District.

Training Schools:

(8) One more Training School preferably in Karkal Taluk may be opened so as to afford training for teachers coming from Malnad country and to assure an adequate supply of teachers for all the schools now existing and to be opened hereafter.

Adult Education:

(9) Vigorous steps may be taken to train as many teachers as possible of the Malnad area in the proposed training school for adult school teachers at Karkal..

Libraries:

(10) The provision of libraries on a fair scale may receive that amount of attention and interest which it deserves at the hands of the newly constituted Library Authority of the District.

The recommendations of the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee together with the remarks of the D.P.I are examined below:-

Item (2) on p.25 above:- The D.P.I. has suggested that for the first three years from the date of opening of the schools in the Malnad area, the schools may be exempted from satisfying the efficiency test No. II viz. each school should have a minimum average attendance of 20 and have 5th standard. ~~The~~ He D.P.I. has also recommended that the schools may be permitted to work for 3½ hours in ~~kk~~ one session either in the forenoon or afternoon so that the pupils may help the parents in their occupation if necessary. This concession will induce the parents to send their children to schools and also solve the problem of midday meals. For orders whether the recommendation of the D.P.I. may be accepted.

Items (3) to (5) on p.25 above:- The D.P.I. has not offered any remarks on these recommendations. The implementation of these suggestions will involve heavy expenditure to Govt. Further the suggestions if agreed to will have repurcussion ~~from~~ the rest of the State and similar demands may be forthcoming.

In view of the orders in circulation that no big expenditure could be incurred now, it does not seem necessary to call for the D.P.I's remarks on these suggestions. For orders whether action on these suggestions may be postponed for better times or whether the suggestions need not be agreed to.

Items (1) and (6) on p.25 above:- The D.P.I. has recommended that the Dt. Board may be paid subsidy for opening schools at the rate of 20 schools a year in view of the fact that Malnad is an unhealthy locality. The estimated cost for opening 20 schools is reported to be Rs.16,200 recurring and Rs.23,000 Non-recurring. He has also suggested that Panchayat Boards and Aided Agencies who come forward to open schools may be paid the same amount as teaching and equipment grant and that the Forest Dept. may also open schools in some of the centres. It was approved in circulation that 20 Elementary schools might be opened in the whole Malnad area (South Kanara, Malabar Dts. and Gudalur Taluk) and that this proposal might be included in the Immediate Plans formulated by Govt. of India. In the circumstances and in view of the orders in circulation that no big expenditure should be incurred now, it is for orders whether 8 Elementary schools may be ordered to be opened in South Kanara Dt. every year. The cost will be Rs. 6,480 recurring and Rs.9,200 non-recurring. The suggestion of the ~~Board's Grievances Enquiry Committee~~ D.P.I that the Forest Dept. may also open schools in some of the centres is to be given effect to will mean further expenditure to Govt. In view of the proposal at 'A' above, it does not seem necessary to consider this suggestion in consultation with C.C.F. For orders.

Item (7) on p.25 above:- The D.P.I. has recommended that the six lower Elementary Schools in Puttur, Karkal, Coondapoor and Kasaragod Taluks may be raised to the status of Higher Elementary Schools, if there are no higher elementary schools close by and if there is every likelihood of the higher elementary standards securing the requisite strength.

He has stated that the effect and progress of this proposal may be watched before a detailed investigation by the Local Inspecting Officers on the real necessity for opening Secondary Schools in Shankernarayana, Hebri and in Puttur Taluk is made. The cost of conversion of the six lower elementary schools will be Rs.12,600 recurring. It is reported by the Committee that the Elementary Education Fund of the Dt. Board is working with a continued deficit and that Govt. have ordered that no new expenditure connected with the opening of schools and employment of additional teachers should be incurred and that ~~the~~ subsidy will be granted from the State funds. The D.P.I. has stated that if the finances of the Dt. Bd. do not permit the incurring of expenditure on this account, the question of sanctioning speci subsidy may be considered. In the circumstances it is for consideration whether the D.P.I's recommendation may be accepted and the proposal to convert the 6 elementary schools ~~not~~ Higher Elementary Schools approved and special subsidy given to the Dt. Bd. The cost to Govt. will be Rs.12,600 per annum.

Items (8) and (9) on p.26 above:- The D.P.I. has stated that, as far as opening of adult schools are concerned, the President of the District Board, South Kanara will be persuaded to give a further fillip in this direction. Regarding the opening of Govt. Training School for adult school teachers at Karkal, the D.P.I. has stated that the needs of this area will be borne in mind before the training centre is fixed in the Kannada area. In the circumstances stated by the D.P.I. at 'X' ~~on pp.26-27~~ above no further action seems necessary on these recommendations of the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee. For orders.

Item (10) on p.26 above:- The D.P.I. has stated that the D.E.O. of South Kanara (Ex-officio Secretary of the Local Library Authority) will be requested to ~~be~~ take special interest in spreading library service in Malnad Development Scheme. For orders whether the D.P.I. may be asked to do accordingly.

Fin I-A

.. The file may be sent to L.A., Education and Fin, Depts. for remarks.

3-9-51.

3/9/51.

(Notes from p.25 above).

To begin with the opening of eight elementary schools each year in the whole Malnad area of S.Kanara Dt. may be sanctioned for a period of five years and each school may be exempted from the efficiency tests I & II for a period of three years as proposed by the D.P.I.

This Dept. may also support the proposal for raising the six lower elementary schools in Puttur, Karkal, Coondapur and Kasaragod taluks to the status of higher elementary schools.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY 6 SEP 1951 34965 EDUCATION DEPARTMENT

6/9/51

S

6/9

Edn

Fin

Edn. Deptt.,

(c)

'x' above may be agreed to and the file passed on to Finance Deptt.

10/9/51

8/9/57

8/9/57

Edn. U.O.No. 34966 C/51-1

SENIOR ASSISTANT SECRETARY, FINANCE DEPARTMENT 6850 20 SEP 1951

(Previous Fin. note on pp.15-18 above).

Extracts from p.21 above

The file deals with the recommendations of the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee, South Kanara, under the head 'Education'. This Committee was constituted by the Govt., in April 1950, to investigate the problems relating to Malnad Area, in S.Kanara Dt., and to suggest measures to solve them. The Govt. of India also constituted a Committee known as the Central Malnad Planning Committee, for drawing up ~~an~~ immediate, ~~and~~ medium and long term plans, for the development of Malnad Areas, in the States of Madras, Bombay, ~~and~~ Coorg and Mysore. While forwarding schemes to be included in the immediate plan of this State, this Govt. informed the Govt. of India, at the instance of this Deptt., that this Govt. would not be able to take up the development of the Malnad tract, unless the financial assitance recommended by the Central Malnad Planning Committee was forthcoming from the Govt. of India. In view of the heavy expenditure involved and their inability to assist the State Govts., the Govt. of India decided not to proceed with the plans of the Committee and accordingly wound up the Committee.

X p. 2 above

A [illegible]

2/ The report of the Central Malnad Planning Committee having been shelved, it was proposed that the report of the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee, appointed by this Govt., might be examined in detail. This Deptt. then considered that, in view of the present ways and means position, no new commitments could be undertaken and advised that no useful purpose would be served in examining the recommendations of this Committee. It was, however, ordered in circulation, including H.M.(Fin), that the matter might be examined, bearing in mind that no big expenditure could be incurred now. Devt.(P&D) have, accordingly, examined the F.G.E.C's recommendations, under the head 'Education', in their notes on pp.25-29 above.

M p23 above

N p23 above

B p24 above

3/ The points in the Committee's recommendation are enumerated on pp.25-26 above. Devt. propose to defer the

recommendations in items 3 to 5 on p.25 above. Fin. may agree As regards items 8, 9 and 10 no special remarks are called for in this Deptt.

3/ Items 1,2 and 6: ~~namely~~, subsidising the starting of schools, relaxation of Elementary Education Rules in regard to admissions, etc., and drawing up of a 5-year plan for starting schools:

The D.P.I. has recommended that the Dt.Bds. might be paid subsidy for opening schools, at the rate of 20 schools a year, in view of the fact that Malnad is an unhealthy locality. The estimated cost is reported to be Rs 16,200 recurring and Rs 23,000 non-recurring. In view of the orders in circulation that no big expenditure could be incurred now, Devt. propose the opening of 8 Elementary Schools each year, to begin with, for a period of 5 years. The estimated cost in that case will be Rs 6,480 p.a. (recurring) and Rs 9,200 non-recurring. In view of the minutes of H.M.(Fin) extracted at 'B' on p.24 above the proposal may perhaps be agreed to in (in respect of one year only in the first instance) Finance. The other points regarding relaxation of Rules may also be agreed to.

4/ Item 7 - ~~namely~~, Opening of High Ele Schools:

The D.P.I. has recommended that 6 Lower Elementary schools in the Dt. may be raised to the status of Higher Elementary School, if there are no Higher Elementary Schools close by and if there is every likelihood of the Higher Elementary standards securing the requisite strength. The cost involved in the conversion is reported to be Rs 12,600 recurring p.a. Devt. propose to accept the recommendations of the D.P.I. and to pay special subsidy to the Dt.Bd. inview of its poor financial position. The proposals may be Agreed to.

The proposals may be considered as a Part II Scheme for reasons in paras 3 to 4 above as it is now too late in the year to start the schools.

Dev. (P&D I) Dept.

To A.S.

The Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee, South Kanara has made the following recommendations under the Head "Education". -

Elementary Education:- x x

(1) The Govt. should subsidise the Panchayats for the starting of schools;

(2) The Elementary Education Rules should be amended so that the average attendance of 15 per month may be considered sufficient for the purpose of satisfying the efficiency tests for Malnad schools;

(3) The scales of pay for services in both the Panchayat and District Boards may be the same and grants to Panchayat Boards should be enhanced suitably. A special allowance of Rs.15/- per month should be paid to the teachers in Malnad schools.

(4) It is absolutely necessary to constitute a general authority for recruitment which should also be invested with the powers for transfers and punishments. It is better to vest this authority in the Educational Dept. which should be held solely responsible for the opening and maintenance of Panchayat Schools in close co-operation with the D.P.O. and the Village Panchayats.

(5) It is better that the Govt. itself should open and run all the schools in Malnad and meet the entire cost as in the case of Labour and Fishermen's schools.

(6) A five year plan may be adopted under which schools may be started in 20 villages at least each year. In the first two years schools may be opened in centres where the public give a free building and equipment.

Secondary Education:-

(7) A High School may be opened in one of the 3 centres in Puttur Taluk which will be decided by the Committee appointed by it and 2 more schools, one at Shankernaraina and the other at Hebri. Govt. may give full grants to the District Board for opening schools in these areas provided the people interested come forward with their contributions by way of

of initial equipment and building as has been done in other instances in the District.

Training Schools:-

8) One more Training School preferably in Karkal Taluk may be opened so as to afford training for teachers coming from Malnad country and to assure an adequate supply of teachers for all the schools now existing and to be opened hereafter.

Adult Education:-

(9) Vigorous steps may be taken to train as many teachers as possible of the Malnad area in the proposed training school for adult school teachers at Karkal.

Libraries:-

(10) The provision of libraries on a fair scale may receive that amount of attention and interest which it deserves at the hands of the newly constituted Library Authority of the District.

The recommendations of the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee together with the remarks of the D.P.I., Edn. and Fin. Depts examined below:-

Item (2) on p. 32 above:- The D.P.I. has suggested that for the first three years from the date of opening of the schools in the Malnad area, the schools may be exempted from satisfying the efficiency tests Nos. I and II viz. each school should have a minimum average attendance of 20 and have 5 standards. He has also recommended that the schools may be permitted to work for 3½ hours in one session either in the forenoon or afternoon so that the pupils may help the parents in their occupation if necessary. This concession will induce the parents to send their children to schools and also solve the problem of midday meals. This Dept. proposed that the recommendations of the D.P.I. might be accepted. Education and Fin. Depts. have agreed to this Dept.'s proposal. For orders whether the recommendations of the D.P.I. may be accepted [illegible]

Items (3) to (5) on p.32 above:- The D.P.I. has not offered any remarks on these recommendations. The implementation of these suggestions will involve heavy expenditure to Govt. Further the suggestions if agreed to will have repurcussion in the rest of the State and similar demands may be forthcoming. This Dept. proposed that, in view of the orders in circulation that no big expenditure could be incurred now, it would not be necessary to call for the D.P.I's remarks on these suggestions and that action on these suggestions might be deferred. Fin. Dept. have agreed with this Dept.'s proposal. For orders whether action on these suggestions of the Committee may be deferred.

Items (1) and (6) on p.32 above:- The D.P.I. has recommended that the Dt. Board may be paid subsidy for opening schools at the rate of 20 schools a year in view of the fact that Malnad is an unhealthy locality. The estimated cost for opening 20 schools is reported to be Rs.16,200 recurring and Rs.23,000 non-recurring. He has also suggested that Panchayat Boards and Aided Agencies who come forward to open schools may be paid the same amount as teaching and equipment grant and that the Forest Dept. may also open schools in some of the centres. It was approved in circulation that 20 Elementary Schools might be opened in the whole Malnad area (South Kanara and Malabar Districts and Gudalur Taluk) and that this proposal might be included in the Immediate Plans formulated by Govt. of India. This Dept. proposed that 8 Elementary Schools may be ordered to be opened in South Kanara Dt. every year for a period of 5 years at a cost of Rs.6,480 recurring and Rs.9,200 non-recurring. Education Dept. have agreed to this Dept.'s proposal. But Fin. Dept. have stated that they agree to the proposal in respect of one year only in the first instance and that the proposal might be considered as a Part II Scheme for 1952-53, as it is now too late in this year to start the schools. For orders whether the proposal to open 8 Elementary schools in South Kanara Dt. in the first year at a cost of Rs. 6,480 recurring and Rs.9,200 Non-recurring may be treated as a Part II Scheme for 1952-53

as advised by Fin. dept. ??

~~If the suggestion of the D.P.I.~~ that the Forest Dept. may also open schools in some of the centres is to be given effect to, it will mean further expenditure to Govt. In view of the proposal at 'A' above, ~~it does not seem~~ necessary to consider this suggestion in consultation with C.C.F. For orders.

No need for the Forest dept. to open schools PO 12/10/57.

Item (7) on p. 32 above:- The D.P.I. has recommended that the six lower elementary schools in Puttur, Karkal, Coondapoor and Kasaragod Taluks may be raised to the status of Higher Elementary Schools, if there are no higher elementary schools close by and if there is every likelihood of the higher elementary standards securing the requisite strength. He has stated that the effect and progress of this proposal may be watched before a detailed investigation by the local Inspecting Officers on the real necessity for opening Secondary Schools in Shankernarayana, Hebri and in Puttur Taluk is made. The cost of conversion of the six lower elementary schools will be Rs.12,600 recurring. It is reported by the Committee that the Elementary Education Fund of the Dt Board is working with a continued deficit and that Govt. have ordered that no new expenditure connected with the opening of schools and employment of additional teachers should be incurred and that no subsidy will be granted from the State Funds. The D.P.I. has stated that, if the finances of the Dt. Bd. do not permit the incurring of expenditure on this account, the question of sanctioning special subsidy may be considered. This Dept. proposed that the D.P.I's recommendation at 'B' above may be accepted and the proposal to convert the 6 Elementary Schools into Higher Elementary Schools at a cost of Rs.12,600 per annum approved and special subsidy given to the District Board. Education Dept. have agreed to this Dept.'s proposal. Fin. Dept. have agreed to this Dept.'s proposal and have advised that this may be treated as Part II Scheme for 1952-53. In these circumstances it is for orders whether the D.P.I's recommendation at 'B' above may be accepte and the proposal to convert the schools in Puttur, Karkal,

and Kasaragod taluks to the status of higher elementary schools at a recurring cost of about Rs.12,600/- per annum and to pay special subsidy to the district board in view of its poor financial position

will be treated as a Part II Scheme for 1952-53. Education and Finance have agreed to the proposal.

The Planning Commission has emphasised that public co-operation should be enlisted in such cases. The centres which stand to benefit by the Schools may contribute in the form of the initial supply of equipment and buildings require to establish the schools. This may be put to the D.P.I. whil issuing orders.

SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT
1 NOV 1951
DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

To AS

Dev. dept.

The orders in circulation at A'
on p37. above may be perused with reference
to the minutes of H.M.(E&L) on p37 above,
necessary extracts from this file may
be taken for separate action. Put up
now for orders whether this file
may be transferred to Edn. dept. for
taking further action.

Now that specific orders of the Govt. have been
obtained on the recommendations of the
Post Matric Scholarships
Post Grievances Enquiry Committee in regard
to Education, the file may be transferred
to the Edn. dept. for further action. That
dept. will doubtless communicate a copy of the
final orders to this dept. in due course.

RA
6.11.51.

M

Edn

P.T.O.

SECOND ASSISTANT SECRETARY
12 NOV 1951
EDUCATION DEPARTMENT

Coondapoor and Kasaragod Taluks into Higher Elementary Schools at a cost of Rs.12,600 recurring per annum and to give special subsidy to the District Board may be approved and treated as a Part II Scheme for 1952-53 as advised by Fin. Dept.

Items (8) and (9) on p.33 above:- The D.P.I. has stated that, as far as opening of adult schools is concerned, the President of the District Board, South Kanara will be persuaded to give a further fillip in this direction. Regarding the opening of Govt. Training School for adult school teachers at Karkal, the D.P.I. has stated that the needs of this area will be borne in mind before the training centre is fixed up in the Kannada area. In the circumstances stated by the D.P.I. at 'X' above this Dept. consider that no further action seems necessary on these recommendations of the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee. Fin. Dept. have no special remarks to offe
No action is hereby necessary.

Item (10) on p.33 above:- The D.P.I. has stated that the D.E.O. of South Kanara (Ex-officio Secretary of the Local Library Authority) will be requested to take special interest in spreading library service in Malnad Development Scheme. This Dept. proposed that the D.P.I. might be asked to do accordingly. Fin. Dept. have no special remarks to offer. For orders whether the D.P.I. may be requested to direct the D.E.O. South Kanara to take special interest in spreading library service in Malnad Development Scheme.

The file may now be circulated for orders.

(Note from page 32 above)

The file may be circulated for orders whether

1. (a) the proposal to open eight elementary schools in the Malnad area of the South Kanara District in 1952-53, to begin with, at an estimated cost of Rs.6,480/- recurring and Rs.9,200/- non-recurring and to exempt them from efficiency tests regarding minimum attendance and standards, and

(b) the proposal to raise the six lower elementary schools in Puttur

Education Deptt.(C)

The notes of Dev.Deptt. from pages 32-37, and the orders in circulation on page 37 ante may be perused. It will be seen that it has been ordered in circulation that, (1) the proposal to open eight elementary schools in the Malnad Area of South Kanara District in 1952-53 with an estimated cost of Rs.6480 recurring and Rs.9200 non-recurring and (2) the proposal to raise the six lower elementary schools in Puttur, Karkal, Coondapur and Kasaragod taluks to the status of higher elementary schools at a recurring cost of about Rs.12,600 p.a., may be treated as Part II Scheme for 1952-53 Finance Department have already agreed to the above proposal going forward as Part II Schemes for 1952-53.

A draft Part II Scheme note submitted below is for approval.

Dev.

Finance Deptt. may see U.O. for acceptance prior to circulation.

26/11/57

Fin Dev.

28/11/51

Edn.(C) No. 88043/E/57-1 28/11/51

23/11/51

28/11/57

Fin (BE I)

(Previous Finance note on pp 30-31 above and the orders in Circulation on p 37 above)

The draft note on the Part II scheme below may be accepted as amended in pencil

29/11/57 Dev.

ADDITIONAL DEPUTY SECRETARY 28 NOV 1951 FINANCE DEPARTMENT

ASSISTANT TO GOVERNMENT 28 NOV 1951 DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

26.11.51.

Fin. No. 88043/BE I-1 29-11-51.

No. 130478 Fin/51

29/11/51

C

Dev. Dept.

To AS

The note of Edn. and Fin. Deptt. on p 39 above and the draft Part II Scheme note below may be perused. The draft Part II Scheme note below as amended by Fin. Deptt. may be accepted in this Deptt. and the file sent to Edn. Deptt.

Edn. 30/11/51

30/11/51

C

Dev. U.O.No. 13078 P&TE/62-1

30-11-51

The note of Finance on p 39 ante and the Dev. U.O note above may be perused. The draft Part II Scheme below has been amended accordingly

The file may now be Circulated to H.M (Edn) for approval of the draft Part II note.

SECOND ASSISTANT SECRETARY 7879 30 NOV 1951 EDUCATION DEPARTMENT

S/HM(E)

30/11/51

1/12/51

30/11/51

12 HM(E)

SECRETARY 10 DEC 1951 EDUCATION DEPARTMENT

(105)

The Part II scheme note under ref. relates to opening of 8 elementary schools and conversion 6 lower elementary schools into higher elementary schools in the Malnad ~~area of South~~ Kanara Dt. ~~The S.F.C. has~~ recommended as follows:-

Provision may be reduced to 50 per cent."

It is for orders whether the recommendation of the S.F.C. may be accepted or whether the proposal may be pressed at the meeting of the Cabinet.

The file may be circulated to HM (Acc) and HM (Edn) for orders.

30.5.52 30.5.52.

May be accepted.

31/5/52 S./ HM Acc
HM Edn

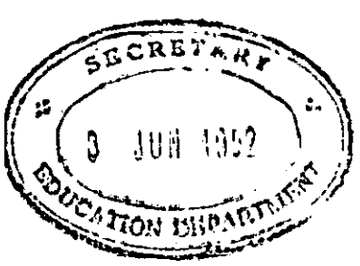
31/5

1.6.52

Please see the orders in circulation above. The decision of the Cabinet may be awaited.

3.6.52. 3.6.52.

4/6/52



(2)

The Govt. have provided Rs. 9,600/- recurring and Rs.4,600/- non-recurring towards the opening of new elementary schools and conversion of lower elementary schools into higher elementary schools against the provision of Rs.19,100/- recurring and Rs.9,200/- non-recurring required by the D.P.I. The D.P.I. may be asked to submit details of expenditure towards the budget provision indicated above.

a. ... new schools
Dropping memo. schools. May be
sent to Dept. after issue.

JD
1/85

1/8
2/8/52

Dev (a?)

[Issued as Memo 45065-C/57-3 dt 2.8.52]

Edn u.o. 45065-C/57-4
2-8-52

x Dev 88354 P&T/52
6-8-52

per. dept.

AS (Last seen in this dept. at P40 above)

This file deals with the ... endorsement made by the Forest ... Grievances Enquiry Committee, ... with remarks under the head "Education". The final orders in ... circulation at P41 above, and the ... Dept. notes above and the ... are finally as follows. The proposal ... has been ordered that provision ... should be reduced to 50 percent. ... be returned to Edn. dept

34021

SECOND ASSISTANT SECRETARY
EDUCATION DEPARTMENT
AUG 1952

P&T/52-1

4/3
Edn. Dept (G)

Please see the notes of this Dept. ~~on p. 42 ante~~ and the notes of Dev. on p. 42 ante. The reply of the D.P.I. to the Memo. on p 51 cf may be awaited till 30.8.52.

8.8.52

7/8/52

[From the DPI No. 1686-P1/52 dt 20.10.52]

Please see the letter from the DPI on p 55 cf. The DPI has now submitted proposals for the opening of 8 Elementary Schools during 1952-53 at a cost of Rs. 2,064/- He has not submitted proposals for the conversion of lower Ely Schools into higher Ely. Schools as there are no definite proposals in the S. Kanara Dt. and as it is late in the year.

As Malnad area comes under the jurisdiction of the Dt. Boards S. Kanara, Malabar and the Nilgiris, the DPI requests to be informed of the names of the Dt. Board under which the schools have to be opened and the number of schools to be opened by each.

Kind attention is invited to the note of this Dept. on p. 39 ante. The proposals for the opening of elementary schools and conversion of lower elementary schools into higher elementary schools ~~were~~ examined in this file were confined to South Kanara Dt only.

As it is now too late in this year to open new elementary schools and to convert lower elem. schools into higher elementary schools, the provision made in the budget will be lapse

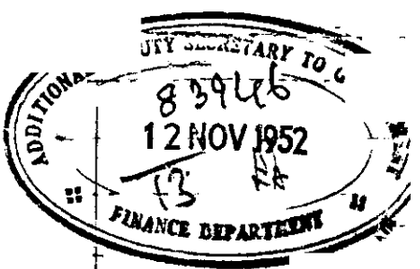
In the circumstances, Finance Deptt. may be requested to state whether the provision may be repeated during 1953-54 ~~without the formalities~~

Am
8.11.52

10/11/52

111/

Fin no. 45065-C/51
11-11-52



Edn(EA)

(Previous Edn. note on page 39 above)

Please see the note of Edn from page 42 above.

As it is now too late to open the new elementary schools in Malnad in the current year for which the provision mentioned at X page 42 above has been included as Part II scheme 1952-53, Edn wants to know whether the provision may be repeated during 1953-54, apparently under Part I of the Estimates.

2. Under Para 56 of Forests Manual, the proposal should again be brought forward as Part II Scheme for 1953-54, provided no expenditure or even a commitment to any part of the expenditure is expected in the current year. In this case, even if the Schools are to be started from the next academic year only, arrangements to secure buildings, furniture, etc may have to be made before the close of the current year. If so, the scheme need not again be treated as Part II Scheme for 1953-54; but provision may be included

A Page 45 ante

(Page 65 infra)

in Part I of the estimates, Edn. may be requested to intimate (the provision that should be made in B.E 1953-54 and the alterations to be made in the R.E 1952-53.

Thro' B.E. III.

18.11.52

18.11.52

19.11.52

21.11.52

22.11.52 Edn.

Fin No. 8396/EB/52

SECOND ASSISTANT SECRETARY 22.11.52

22 NOV 1952 S 2698

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT

Edn. Dept(c)

Please see the notes on pp. 43-45 above. ~~Finance Dept.~~ With ref to X of Fin. n on p 44-45 above, a draft memo. to the DPI is submitted for approval.

Mu 26.11.52

26/11/52

26/11

[Issued as Memo. No. 45065-C/51-3 dt. 26.11.52]

[From the D.P.I. No. 1686-B1/52 dt. 21.1.53]

[From the DPI No. 1686-B1/52 dt. 3.3.53]

[From the D. P. I. P.C. of T. N. 1686 B1/52 & 15.4.53

p 36-37 ante

The file relates to the recommendations of the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee, South Kanara. It was ordered in circulation that the proposal to open eight elementary schools in the Malnad area of the South Kanara Dt. in 1952-53 at an estimated cost of Rs.6,480/- recurring and Rs.9,200/- non-recurring and to exempt these schools from the requirement of the minimum number of attendance and standards and the proposal to raise six lower elementary schools in the area into higher elementary schools might be sanctioned. Considered as Part II scheme for 1952-53.

Accordingly, the proposal to open new lower Elementary Schools and to convert 6 Lower elementary schools into higher elementary schools at a cost of Rs.19,100/- recurring and Rs.9,200/- non-recurring was considered as

p 47-48 ante

a Part II scheme for 1952-53, but the Government provided only a sum of Rs.9,600/- recurring and Rs.4,600/- non-recurring As it was then too late to sanction the opening of new schools during 1952-53, it was suggested that the proposals might be sanctioned during 1953-54 making the necessary provision under Part I of the estimates for 1953-54.

The D.P.I. has now submitted proposals for as follows.

	recurring	non-recurring.	
Opening of 8 Elementary schools.	4,800	47,500	P 65 C/
Conversion of 6 lower elementary schools into higher Elementary schools	13,576	72,600	ibid

It will be seen from p. 47-48 c.f. that ~~only~~ a sum of Rs.19,100/- recurring and Rs.9,200/- non-recurring towards opening of new schools alone was recommended towards opening of 8 new schools and conversion of 6 schools. But the Government have reduced the provision by 50% i.e. 9,600/- recurring and Rs.4,600/- non recurring. So the proposal to open 4 new elementary schools and to convert ~~xxxxxxxxxxxxxx~~ 3 lower elementary schools into higher elementary schools ~~alone~~ may alone be sanctioned now.

The ~~extra~~ expenditure for these schools will be as follows

	Recurring	Non-Recurring.	
(opening of 4) New elementary schools	2,400	4,600	P 37 C/
Conversion of 3 lower elementary schools into Higher Elementary schools	6,800	—	- P 47 C/
	9,200	4,600	

The new schools to be opened may also be exempted from the requirements regarding minimum attendance and standards.

Dev. and Finance may see for remarks.

Dev no 63739 PTPL/5 25-5-53

Mm 20.5.53

RS 20/5/53.

28/5/53 Dev

Edn no 4506-C/51- 25-5-53

FOURTH SC

13

Development(P&DI) Dept.

To A.S.

This Dept. last saw the file on p.42 above. The summarising note of Edn. Dept. on pp.45-46 above may be perused. This Dept may agree with the proposals of Edn. Dept. at 'A' on p.46 above, subject to the remark that the new schools to be opened will be exempted from the requirements regarding minimum attendance and standards only for 5 years from the opening of the schools. Edn. Dept. may also be requested to issue final orders on the other recommendations of the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee, South Kanara, at pp.32-33 above. With these remarks the case may be passed on to Fin. Dept.

26-5-53.

S. 27/5

Per U.O.No.6693 PPtDI/53-1
28-5-53.

ADDITIONAL DEPUTY SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT
28 MAY 1953
43504
FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Fin.(EA)

(Previous Fin. notes on pp 44-45 above)
Please see the summarising notes from p 45 above. The proposal of Edn at A on p. 46 above may be agreed to.

4-6-53

5.6.53

ASSISTANT SECRETARY
8-JUN 1953
28430
EDUCATION DEPARTMENT

i.e. 43806 Ed A 31
8.6.53

The grant will be paid apparently only late in this year. Necessary provision of funds may be made in the Budget of the residuary State of Madras for the second half of this year. Details for the preparation of such a Budget have been issued separately from Fin.

6.6.53

Edn. Depth (c)

Please see the notes of this depth on p 45-46 ante and the notes of Dev. and Finance Depths. on p 47 ante.

A draft order sanctioning the proposals at A on p 46 ante is submitted for approval.

After issue further action will be taken with ref to the remarks of Dev. at X on p 48 (49) ante.

13.6.53 Ag 13.6.53 — 15/6/53 — 15/6

[Issued as Govt No. 1449 Edn dt 16.6.53] — p 73-74

The file deals with the various recommendations of the Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee S. Kanara Dt. under the head "Education."

Of the various recommendations examined on pp 32-37 ante, specific orders in circulation have been obtained only on the following points viz opening of new ely Schools: conversion of lower ely schools into higher ely schools and exempting these schools